THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. ATLANTA, GEORGIA, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1870. VOLUME III--NUMBER 127

Evening Edition.

Atlanta, Ga., November 14, 1870.

☞ Missouri has elected a clear Democratic majority in the House.

☞ Chief Justice Chase denies the report that he contemplates resigning.

☞ Arkansas has elected a Democratic Legislature, and therefore secures a Democratic United States Senator.

☞ Florida gets a Conservative Legislature, and Conservative Congressmen and Lieutenant Governor.

Mr. A. Pope.

THE CONSTITUTION is ever ready to do justice to capable officers, let them be of what party they may. Among these can be classed Mr. A. Pope, General Freight Agent of the State road, who is a good and prompt official.

Good Templar's Advocate.

We give a cordial greeting to the new Temperance paper entitled as above, published in Americus, Ga., with Mr. C. W. Hancock as editor. The initial number is a good one. Subscribe to it.

List of Wild Lands.

THE CONSTITUTION issues a Supplement containing a list of the wild lands in default for taxes for 1868.

We get no pay for this, as many other papers do, but give it at our own expense, as information to our readers.

Forney.

The Courier-Journal, having heard somewhere that the editors of the Washington Chronicle may not succeed Creswell, says: "We are glad to see it contradicted that Forney is to be made Postmaster General. There are thousands of people who would hate to see valuable letters of their pass through his hands."

☞ West Virginia has for the first time during its existence elected a Democratic Governor, Auditor, Treasurer, Secretary of State, etc., also a majority to each House of the Legislature, which will give the ballot to twenty-five thousand disfranchised white men, and elect a United States Senator this winter.

The Banner of the South and Planters' Journal.

This attractive journal comes to us regularly now, and is a welcome visitor. It is working up Confederate records. Its last issue contains a list of officers of the Confederate army by Colonel C. C. Jones, Jr., which will be continued. It gives us eight generals, eighteen lieutenant generals and eighty-seven major generals.

Communications Without Signature.

It is a fixed rule of all properly conducted newspapers, never to publish communications without a responsible author. It is not necessary to give the name to the public, but we want it for our own protection.

We have received a number of communications exposing wrongs, that we should like to give, but as we do not know the facts, we must have the writers' names.

The Atlanta Constiution.

The best Democratic paper in the State appeared last week in a bright new suit and full growth. Such a paper deserves the support of the Democrats in all parts of the State, and we ardently hope may receive it. [*Brunswick Appeal.*

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.—Secure in the confidence of the people, yet ever solicitous to deserve that confidence and favor, our esteemed cotemporary of Atlanta, THE CONSTITUTION, has put on a bran new suit, and now comes to us with a handsome face and enlarged columns. This evidence of prosperity is gratifying to us, we love to see the spread of such able Democratic journals.

Independent of the public pap, they are able to battle for the rights of the people, without truckling to the thieves in power. We congratulate the management of THE CONSTITUTION upon their handsome paper. [*Rome Courier.*

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.—This excellent daily has come out in an entirely new dress. We are pleased to note this change in its outward appearance, though, in its reading matter, to make any improvement, would be very difficult indeed.—*Washington Gazette.*

Another Radical Scheme to Rob the Treasury.

It is astounding that *one hundred and fifty-four thousand* six hundred and eighty-five dollars ($154,685.00) should be required to pass simply *one resolution!* Yet, such is the fact! In a pamphlet styled "Public Laws passed by the General Assembly of 1870," published by authority by one of Bullock's Clerks, (at an expense to the State of *five thousand dollars* (5,000.00), that of all the acts and resolutions passed in the July and April term, comprising fifty-six days, at an expense, as stated above, of $154,685.00, there is to be found but *one solitary resolution*, which is to compel the State Treasurer to pay all Bullock's illegal warrants that are countersigned by the Comptroller General. The resolution is as follows:

Whereas, Governor Bullock has drawn his warrants upon the treasury in favor of certain persons for printing done for Executive Department, which have been duly countersigned by the Comptroller General; and

Whereas, The State Treasurer, N. L. Angier, has declined to pay the same inasmuch as the said warrants, in his opinion, are drawn improperly upon the printing fund; therefore

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives, That the Treasurer be authorized and *required* to pay said warrants, and *any other warrants* regularly issued by the Executive and countersigned by the Comptroller General in accordance with law, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

It is natural to inquire why this *one* resolution is published, while the hundred and one bills and resolutions passed at the same term are excluded?

The general impression is, that the Governor was anxious to give the Treasurer notice that he was no longer "a wall of defense against political thieves."

And his issuing over three million of dollars in State bonds and sending them to New York in less then three months, when the legal requirements of the State are not one-fifth that amount, should be a warning to the people that he has mischief in view. And we notify dealers in Georgia bonds, that the coupons to these bonds are executed in such a manner, that the bonds will have to accompany them before they can be paid—the Code of Georgia requiring this when the coupons are not signed by the Treasurer, unless there is a special provision to the contrary, which there was not in these bonds issued by Bullock.

☞ Rev. W. E. Bell, of the Methodist Church, and former editor of the Raleigh (N. C.) Sentinel, fell dead at the dinner table [illegible]

LOST.

STRAYED [illegible], between Ivy Street and the [illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, November 13.—Mr. Treilhard, shortly after his arrival at New York yesterday, telegraphed that fact to Washington, and made an inquiry, depending on the answer to govern his future movements.

It is known that this gentleman was appointed by Napoleon as the successor of Minister Berthemy, but that he has received no endorsement by either the Paris or Tours government. Under these circumstances, Mr. Treilhard has been informed that he would not be received in a diplomatic capacity by this government.

Mr. Berthemy will therefore continue as the representative of France until relieved by the proper authorities, although it has long been his desire to return to France to rejoin his family.

The King of Portugal has conferred on Senor Roberts, the Spanish Minister, the Grand Cordon of the Order of Christ.

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, November 13.—Lewis Towns, a colored fugitive, has been arrested. He was shot through the neck. He fired several times in resisting the officers, slightly wounding policeman Skiles. He is accused of killing Major Laurient, of Spaulding county, Ga., Dr. Butler, wife, and child, and three others. He will be sent to Georgia.

MEMPHIS, November 13.—No indictments found against persons for holding office in violation to the 14th amendment.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 13.—Latest returns from Nevada, indicate an entire Democratic election. Fitch, for Congress, was beaten by 200 majority.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, November 13.—John B. Hayes has been elected in the 12th District. It is thought the Republicans will carry the 4th and 7th Districts. The Democrats gain the 5th and 8th Districts.

A dispatch says that fourteen persons were drowned at St. Charles, by the fall of a heavy column they were raising. Their bodies have been found.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 14.—The bank statement shows that loans has increased $2,886,000; specie $2,224,000; circulation $50,000; deposits $1,851,000; legal tenders has decreased $167,000. The sub-treasury paid over $3,000,000 interest and received $2,309,000 from customs.

Cotton movements for the week is greatly in excess of any previous week of the season, and the figures remarkable. The receipts at all ports for the week reached the enormous total of 132,065 bales, against 106,406 last week; 85,934 the previous week, and 82,428 three weeks since. Total receipts this season 678,556 against 626,613 last year, showing an increase of 43,943 bales. Exports from all ports for the week 42,280 against 42,766 bales for the same time last year. Exports since the first of September 281,186 against 258,992 last year. The preceding figures show that the movement this season is considerably in excess of last year. The stock at all ports is 315,723 against 248,070 last year; stocks at interior towns foot up 62,070 against 54,856 bales last year. Stock in Liverpool 438,000 against 435,000; American cotton afloat for Great Britain is 133,000 against 76,000 last year. Amount of Indian cotton afloat for Europe, 204,446 against 303,500 last year. Rain has fallen in many sections of the South during the week, and the weather is not so favorable for picking as for some weeks previous. The Southern rivers are now generally navigable, which accounts, in some measure, for the heavy receips of the week. This may also cause large receipts for some time to come.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, November 13.—Dispatches from Tours repeat the statements of fighting all day on Thursday, near Coulmiers. The French being successful.

General Paladires occupied Chivelly, north of Orleans, taking six hundred prisoners and two guns.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, November 12.—General Tawn on the 9th, repulsed all attacks with great loss to the enemy. Only then did the Germans retreat.

A portion of a Bavarian ammunition train losing its way on the 10th, fell into the hands of the French.

No movements reported to-day, Saturday. It is absolutely quiet around Paris.

Ten thousand Prussians have arrived at Rethel. But little has been heard from Paris; it is now known, however, that her internal troubles have entirely subsided. Masses of French troops are seen daily around Valerien, practicing evolutions on a grand scale. A general sortie is imminent. Sickness in and around the Capital is decreasing. A small force of Greek volunteers for France, have arrived from Marseilles and gone to the front.

The report is reiterated to-day that the postponement of the bombardment of Paris is due to the earnest entreaties of Victoria.

The North German Parliament meets Monday week for the purpose of raising funds to prosecute the war. A loan will be proposed. Its form is not settled yet.

A dispatch from Tours, dated Saturday, to the London press says, nothing further is made known of the movements of the army of the Loire since the re-occupation of Orleans and Chevilley.

The German retreat was effected in perfect order.

The Prussian losses since the 7th are 10,000. General Weerden is evidently moving to join Taun, bridges are being destroyed and roads barricaded to obstruct his march.

A camp of instruction is being formed at Toulouse under General LaDemais, as nucleus for the army of the southwest.

There is a rumor current in diplomatic circles, that Russia has informed the powers she considers the Paris treaty of 1855, abrogated.

Marquis De Chateau Renard has arrived at Berne. He goes to Tours on a special mission.

TOURS, November 12, midnight.—General Paladiens reports that he took 2,500 prisoners in his last engagement. The French now hold an entrenched camp of the Prussians at Athenay.

Victory by the army has created the wildest enthusiasm. The excitement throughout France is intense.

More troops are harrying from the South to join the forces under Paladines.

Balloons for observing the movements of the Prussian army are used by the army of the Loire.

A considerable number of steel breech loading cannon are ready for the army of the Loire and the North.

Gambetta has returned here.

It is reported that Schneidery, late President of the Corps Legislatif, has sold the La Creuseot to an American company, and that the American flag is hoisted.

BRAZIL.

RIO JANEIRO, October 22.—The rebel Generals Lopez and Jordan have been defeated by the Argentine forces.

The revolution in Uruguay continues.

MONDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, November 14.—The most reliable Virginia advices confirm the report of the defeat of Dr. Norton, the negro candidate for Congress. The delegation will consist of five Conservatives and three Republicans, all white, and a Democratic gain of one.

Two cases wherein Court claims have been decided adversely to the Supreme Court decision upon legal tenders, were appealed to the Supreme Court, but subsequently withdrawn before argument or decision, by the counsel of the respective parties. A motion to restore these cases to the docket was refused by the Court to-day, and the original decision of the Court claims holds not upon its merits, but from a compromise implied by the consent of counsel to withdraw the appeal. The decision was unanimous.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 14.—The difficulty between the owners of the Creole and Banner mines in Pio Checity, Nevada, has resulted in a battle, in which W. J. Snell was killed and ten others wounded. Several men were thrown down a seventy feet shaft. The parties who retained possession of the mines were arrested by the Sheriff.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, November 14.—On Sunday, the Turkish government had received no intimation from Russia of the abrogation of the treaty of 1856. Gambetta, in a dispatch to her representative here, says the action of Gortschakoff relative to the treaty of 1856 indicates an understanding between Russia and Prussia.

Gambetta thinks England cannot remain passive in the presence of such [illegible]

Garibaldi and the French Generals have agreed upon a plan of operations.

The Times correspondent at Tours says the moral effect of the victory near Orleans is incalculable. Reinforcements to Palladine go forward rapidly. The report that Paris is distressingly short of provisions is confirmed by dispatches from various quarters.

Bismarck denies having negotiated with Eugenie.

The German Liberal opposes the meeting of the German Parliament at Versailles.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, November 14.—The Prussians are bombarding Thionville, causing fires. The entire town seemed to be burning Saturday.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, November 14.—Herr Guttenbach, a banker of this city, has been arrested for disloyalty. His offense was subscribing for the new french loan.

The Prussians allow Marshal Canrobert to reside at Stuttgardt; Marshal LaBouef at Bonn; Bazaine at Aix la Chapelle.

Taun, in his official report, announces his loss on the 9th, of forty-two officers killed and wounded.

The Belgian government is negotiating with Paris and Tours governments to prevent inundation of the marsh lands around Dunkirk.

FRANCE.

TOURS, November 14.—The Journal Officiel charges the Prussians with the pillage of Villneuf after three hours' stubborn resistance; next, levied enormous contributions, and then plundered the inhabitants. The German artillery and caissons captured near Orleans, laces and valuable ornaments were taken from the country seats around the city.

IRELAND.

CORK, November. 14.—Fifty soldiers to avenge the death of a soldier, killed in a quarrel, attacked citizens. Both parties reinforced and the scene was indescribable, violence followed. Several soldiers, citizens and policemen hurt. Soldiers were finally arrested.

ANOTHER NEGRO CONGRESSMAN.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 11.—About fifty-one counties heard from, in which the Democrats have 1,500 majority. The remaining counties will give about 5,000 more majority. The Democrats elect sixty members of the Legislature out of one hundred, and probably five more. The following are elected to Congress: First district, Turner (negro) Radical; second district, Buckley, Radical; third district, Hanley, Democrat; fourth district, Hayes, Radical; fifth district, Day, Democrat; sixth district, Sloss, Democrat.

THE EX-EMPEROR'S OPINION OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC—HIS ACCOUNT OF THE DOWNFALL OF HIS GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The New York Herald's special correspondent gives an account of an interview with Napoleon at Wilhelmshohe on the 8th. The Emperor said that when the press was freed entirely by him it was seized by demagogues and unscrupulous politicians, who openly preached disobedience to the laws, and that, too, successfully in perverting the minds of the people.

On the subject of the recognition of the French republic by the United States the Emperor said: "I suppose Americans would naturally sympathize with Republican institutions, but all the conditions requisite to a true republican form of government are absolutely wanting in France. Those who have boldly grasped the reins of government have already shown their inability to establish such a government. That for which they blamed me most they have been compelled to do themselves, and impose still more obnoxious restrictions upon the press.

The restraint upon the press, for instance, was the constant theme of attack on my Government, but whilst I made but moderate restrictions, and proceeded, by a mild system of warning, they have suppressed a number of journals because they do not chime in with their fantastic ideas of Republican sentiments. Presupposing the vital interests of a majority of people in the concerns of the country and willingness to put their shoulders to the wheel does not exist in France. The Republic of America and the Republic of France are as different as white and black. Your country people submit to the law; public sentiment and a spirit based upon general intelligence and morality dictates and controls society. Are not your theatres in New York and Boston allowed to perform such plays as they deem fit?

Correspondent—Certainly they are.

Emperor—Then suppose you should treat the public to performances of impure and offensive pieces, what would the consequences be? The press would denounce them, nobody would go to see them, and they would be condemned by the verdict of the public. But in France the greater the departure from morality and decorum, the greater will be the crowd flocking to delight in it. It is no easy work to curb such an extravagant spirit in a country so often unhappily shaken by revolution. It requires the utmost energy to build up anything.

Correspondent—Will your Majesty please to enlighten the American people as to the immediate causes of the catastrophe which upset your government.

Emperor—I can only liken it to an earthquake, sir; produced by the combined action and influence of elements whose existence we are aware of without being able to trace their sudden operations. My Government has been almost too willing to listen to the clamors of those who, sometimes bona fide, imagined they knew best how to promote the welfare of the country. I thus consented to a removal of the last existing check to the right of free assemblage, and no sooner had I done so than the privilege was abused to an unlimited extent. Public meetings no longer discussed political or social questions in a sober, dignified manner, but became tumultuous in the highest degree. During a whole year, assassination, poisoning, rebellion and the most abominable passions were openly preached to the masses, and urged upon them as the best and only means of saving the country.

Correspondent—Indeed such a condition of affairs does not augur stability to a republican form of government. The views of your Majesty, who is an able judge, will deeply interest the American people.

The Emperor—I know them to be a frank-hearted and generous nation, and cannot believe they approve the slanderous accusations now preferred against me. Have you read the vile statement published in the Independence Belge and other journals, to the effect that I had appropriated the public funds, and conjured up the war to conceal such illegal transactions? I wish to state emphatically that the commission of such a breach of trust under my government in France, even if desired, is an utter impossibility.

Not a single franc is expended without severe checks on the part of the administration. This is well known to every intelligent man in France. I could hardly attempt to contradict all the base, vile calumnies, though they have been believed by a few.

In order to show that by far the largest part of my own civil list has been expended by me, for the benefit of the public institutions of the country, you may have seen a statement, published by my order, signed by Mons. Thelin, my Treasurer, to contradict unfounded assertions of a certain Mons. Paul. I have some property in Italy, which was left to me by my father; my wife has a private dowry and her jewelry; with these exceptions we have nothing.

Correspondent—Your Majesty having broached the topic, will you please say how it is about the story that you have twenty-three millions of francs' worth of property on Broadway?

Emperor—I have no property of any kind or description there. The story is unfounded as are all the rest.

Correspondent—The accusations with which the press is teeming are not confined to this point. Treason is charged, and, strange to say, French soldiers, prisoners in Germany, utter the same words. Their answer to the question asked them is, "*Nous sommes trahis*" we are betrayed.

Emperor—Poor men, it is the mistaken pride of ambition. They are naturally loth to acknowledge or even believe that they have been conquered.

Correspondent—But your majesty yourself is reported to have said, on one occasion of a reverse on the field, "*Je suis trahi,*" (I am betrayed.)

The Emperor—I did not. It is a pure invention, like so many others. What I may have said, and what was probably said by many members of the Government, was that probably we had deceived ourselves as to the strength of our army as well as that of the Prussians. As for myself, basing my opinion on personal conviction, I have often cautioned my ministers against erroneous statements.

I well recollect how often Marshal Neil told me, with confident smile, that the army was complete and ready for every operation. It was not less the case with LeBœuf. It was probably not a fault of the heart but of the head, that they would not listen to me when I told them that we could not compete with Prussia's military establishment; that our effective strength, as compared to hers, was insufficient. This was the deception, the fault of which must be shared in some way by all of us, and which led to most disastrous results. We were to have been ready at a moment's notice [illegible] weeks. Then the Prussians got the start of us.

Atlanta Price-Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, Nov. 14, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Business inactive and dull. Cotton continues to come in freely.

Messrs. Williams, Langston & Crane, received the first car load of New Western Meats this morning, and sold it out in a few minutes at 17½ cents for clear rib bulk, a decline of one cent per pound. A further decline is anticipated as Western shipments increase.

COTTON—Market quiet at 14 for middlings; 13 for low middlings, and 12 for good ordinary.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 09; selling at 1 11. Silver buying 1 04; selling 1 08. Exchange on New York buying at par, selling at ¼ premium.

GROCERIES—Corn Meal, 1 20a1 25. Rice, 9a10c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c. Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A. 15½c; Extra C, 15; Yellow C, 14½; Brown 12½a14. Rio Coffee 20a24; Java 35a38. Beeswax, 28. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 25. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 35c. Pepper 37½. Race Ginger, 25c. Starch 9c. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 18c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 25a35.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—Eggs, 20a25; chickens, 25; sweet potatoes, 75a1 00 per bushel; Irish potatoes 3 50a4 00 per bbl.

FACTORY GOODS—Brown shirtings, 7-8, 10½; B. shirtings, 3-4, 8½, 4-4, 12a13; bleached shirting, 3-4, 7a9½; bleached shirting, 7-8, 11a14½, brown drills, 14½; bleached drills, 15½; stripes, 14½a17½; checks, 18½a19; Montour osnaburgs, 16; Troup, 18; yarns, 1 50.

DRY GOODS—Allens 11½; Sprague 11½; Pacific 11½; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 8; Amoskeag 10; Ticking—Pittsfield 10; Croton 12; Albany 12; Easton B. 15; Amoskeag D. 22; Hamilton 28; Conestoga 4-4 30; Amoskeag A. C. A. 35. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

TOBACCO MARKET.—Common sound 37½a60; medium sound 65a75; fine sound 80a90; extra fine 1 00a1 35.

LIQUOR MARKET.—Whisky—rectified 1 00a1 25 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robison County 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy 1 50a8 00; St. Croix Rum 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin 1 50a6 00; Scotch 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter 3 00; French Brandy 4 50a12 00.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburg bar, 5a6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8. Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 50; 3s, common, 6 50; 3s, fine, 8 50. Plow steel, 11; cast, 27a28; German, 18a20.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bicarb soda, 7a7½ per lb. Blue stone, 12½. Copperas, 4a4½. Epsom salts, 6¼a8. Madder, 22a25. Opium 16 00a18 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20 per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 5 00a6 50; pints, 3 00a3 50; per gallon, 3 75a4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gallon, 1 45a1 50.

BAGGING AND TIES—Bagging, 2¼lb, 35a36c; light, 32a35; green leaf rope, 10; flax rope, 8½. Iron ties, 6½a7½.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, $7 25; ¼ kegs $4 00; ½ kegs $2 25. Blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 2 75; buck, 3 00.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE—Live shotes, 6½a7½, owing to size. Live cattle on foot, choice 3a3½.

OILS AND PAINTS—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do, boiled, 1 35a1 40; sperm, 2 50a3 00; whale, 1 50a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 65a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene, 40a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 2 00a2 25; Coach, 4 50a5 00. White lead, per lb., 9a14; do., pure, 16.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides 18½a19; clear rib sides 18a18½; shoulders 14½a15.

GRAIN—Old corn 1 15a1 20; new in ear 85. Wheat—red 1 15a1 20; prime white 1 40a1 45. Oats 55a60, Rye 1 25, in little demand. Barly—fall, 1 25.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole 40a50; Hemlock, good, 30a33; damaged 25a29; French calf skins 30 00a60 00 per dozen; American calf skins 25 00a45 00; Harness leather 40a48c; upper leather 60a80c; lining skins (sheep) 4 50a9 00 per dozen. Green hides 6c; dry salted 14a16c; dry flint 16a17c.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime 50c per bushel; Chewackla 60c. Hydraulic cement 4 00 per barrel; James River 4 50a5 00 per barrel. Plaster of Paris 6 00 per barrel.

HAY—Timothy 33 00a35 00; Clover 30 00a35 00 per ton.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, November 14.—Flour 5c better. Wheat 1a2c better. Corn shade firmer. Pork unchanged. Lard nominally unchanged. Cotton quiet; uplands 16¼; Orleans 16½; sales 1,400 bales. Turpentine steady; 46a46½. Rosin firm; 1½a2. Freights steady. Stocks heavy. Gold 12¼. Money 4a5. Sterling, long 9¼; short 9½. Sixty-two's 7¼.

LONDON, November 14, noon.—Consols 92¼; Bonds 88¼. Later—Bonds 81¼. Tallow 43.

LIVERPOOL, November 14, noon.—Cotton flat; uplands 9; Orleans 9¼a9½. Sales 10,000 bales.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

Leaves Atlanta	7.00 o'clock,	A. M
Leaves Atlanta	5.40 "	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	8.00 "	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.30 "	P. M

Macon and Western Railroad.

Leaves Atlanta	8.00 o'clock,	A. M
Leaves Atlanta	7.15 "	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	4.00 "	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	3.00 "	P. M

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

Leaves Atlanta	8.15 o'clock,	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.20 "	P. M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

Leaves Atlanta	8.15 o'clock,	A. M
Leaves Atlanta	6.45 "	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	2.30 "	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	3.17 "	P. M

Cartersville Accommodation.

Leaves Atlanta	5.30 o'clock,	P. M
Leaves Cartersville	4.00 "	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	9.15 "	A. M

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IN ATLANTA, GEORGIA,
Corner Hunter and Pryor streets,
Where we expect to keep a large stock, and
Sell at Very Low Prices.

ATLANTA STEAM BREWERY.
ALE, PORTER AND BEER.
Temporary Office, Granite Block, Broad Street, Atlanta, Georgia.
aug24'd3m SPENCER & CO.

To Contractors.

ATLANTA, November 4, 1870.

IN accordance with a resolution of the City Council, sealed proposals will be received until 4 o'clock P. M., Friday, the 25th instant, for the erection of works complete, to supply the city of Atlanta with water. The machinery, in duplicate, must be capable of raising three million gallons two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet, or five million gallons three hundred and eighty-seven (387) feet, in twenty-four hours. Thirteen (13) or seventeen (17) miles of pipe, more or less, from four (4) to twenty-four (24) inches in diameter will be required, together with one hundred and thirty (130) or more fire hydrants.

Bids for the entire work, (exclusive of engine house and dam,) or for engines and pumps set up and in running order, or pipes laid in the ground, per ton, with hydrants, valves, etc., complete, will be received.

A specification and guarantee of the plan, and performance of the works, in every instance, must accompany the bid, with good security.

All information requisite will be given on application to the Chairman of the Committee or the City Engineer.

The City Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

A. MURPHY,
A. J. KELLY,
A. L. FOWLER,
Committee.

nov5-13t

ONE DOSE OF
DR. SHALLENBERGER'S
Fever and Ague
ANTIDOTE
Always Stops the Chills.

This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, does not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will
CURE IMMEDIATELY
and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote to Malaria.
Sold by all Druggists.

BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S
Grain Drill and Guano Distributor,
WITH GRASS SEED ATTACHMENT.

CATALOGUE and price list mailed free to applicants. Please address SAMUEL A. ECHOLS, Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store, Broad street, (by the bridge) Atlanta.
aug21-dif

BARRETT'S
HAIR RESTORATIVE.
ALL AROUND THE WORLD!
BARRETT'S Vegetable Hair Restorative
[illegible]
LORD & SMITH, Proprietors, [illegible]
REDWINE & FOX,
WHOLESALE AGENTS,
And for sale by all Druggists.

[illegible]
UNITED STATES HOTEL,
[illegible]

PRICES REDUCED.
FAIRBANKS
Standard Scales,
More than 200 Different Modifications.
Agents also for the best Alarm Money Drawer.
FAIRBANKS & CO.,
252 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
166 Baltimore St., Baltimore,
53 Camp St., New Orleans.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
118 Milk Street, Boston.
For Sale by leading Hardware Dealers.
oct18 d1f

HARDWARE
AT
Wholesale and Retail
TOMMEY
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED
&
OUR STOCK IS LARGE
STEWART.
and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.
TOMMEY & STEWART,
feb8-d1y Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR
SAW MILLS,
Also Stationary and Portable
Steam Engines, &c.
No. 5 Schroeder Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
☞ Send for Catalogues and Price-Lists.
oly27-d1y

A NEW DISCOVERY!!
PHALON'S
"VITALIA;
OR,
Salvation for the Hair.
CLEAR AS WATER!
WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!
OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!
For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and cloudless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

☞ Phalon's Vitalia ☜

is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

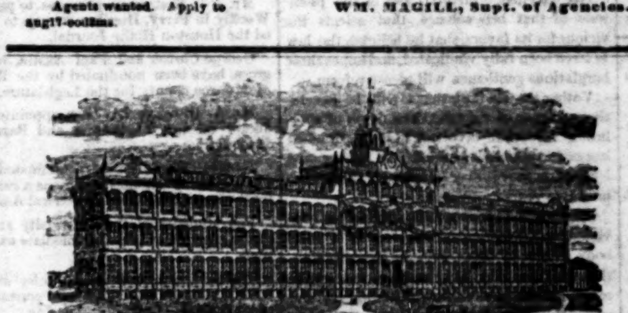
THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all druggists.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS
—AND—
MILLINERS.
Hill & Ketcham,
52 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.
INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of
STRAW GOODS,
[illegible]
HILL & KETCHAM,
Between Broadway and Mercer Street.

PUBLIC SALE!
THOMAS COUNTY LANDS.
[illegible]
W. J. YOUNG,
[illegible]

Wood! Wood!! Wood!!!
GOOD SOUND WOOD,
[illegible]

COTTON STATES LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF MACON, GEORGIA.
CAPITAL, ... $500,000.
Deposited with State Authorities for protection of Policy-holders, and realizing at least 8 per cent., $150,000.
All Policies Including "Ordinary Life," Non-Forfeiting and So Provided in the Policy.
NO RESTRICTIONS ON RESIDENCE OR TRAVEL.
☞ PREMIUMS AS LOW AS IS COMPATIBLE WITH SAFETY. ☜
RETURN PREMIUM AND JOINT LIFE POLICIES ALSO PARTICIPATE IN PROFITS.
A Loan of One-Third the Premium given, when desired, on all kinds of Policies and no Notes taken Therefor.
1,800 POLICIES ISSUED; LOSSES PAID, $32,500.
COMPANY MUTUAL.
DIVIDENDS DECLARED ANNUALLY, AFTER THE SECOND YEAR.
WM. B. JOHNSTON, Pres't. W. S. HOLT, Vice-Pres't. GEO. S. OBEAR, Sec'y.
C. F. McCAY, Act'y. J. W. BURKE, Gen'l of Agent.
J. MERCERGREEN, Med. Ex. JOS. THOMPSON, Agent, Atlanta, Georgia.
E. S. RAY, Medical Examiner.
Agents wanted. Apply to WM. MAGILL, Supt. of Agencies.
aug17-eodlim



253 Feet Front—Iron and Glass.

WORKS OF THE
United States Watch Company,
(GILES, WALES & CO.,) MARION, N. J.
GILES, WALES & CO.,
IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS & JOBBERS,
WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY & SILVERWARE,
SALESROOM OF THE UNITED STATES WATCH COMPANY,
13 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK,
MANUFACTURERS of all the Grades of AMERICAN WATCHES, PENDANT WINDERS AND KEY WINDERS,
BOTH NICKEL AND FROSTED MOVEMENTS, WITH DAMASKEEN FINISH.

The finer grades all having three pairs Conical Pivots, Cap Jeweled, in Gold Settings, and accurately adjusted to *Heat, Cold and Position*; and all, even in the cheapest grades, have the STRAIGHT-LINE Escapement, with Exposed Pallet Jewels, and Hardened and Tempered Hair Springs; and for our late improvement in STEM-WINDING mechanism, we claim a *STRENGTH, SIMPLICITY and SMOOTHNESS* hitherto unattained in any other manufacture, at home or abroad.

Constantly on hand, full lines, all sizes, in Gold, Silver, Diamond Set and Magic Cases, Minute Repeaters, Independent 1-4, 1-5 Split and Fly-back Seconds, for taking three different times, for timing Horses, Artillerymen, &c.

☞ Price-Lists furnished the trade on application, inclosing business card. For sale by the trade generally. Ask your Jeweler to see the MARION watches.

Wholesale Warerooms, 13 MAIDEN LANE, New York,
And GILES, BROTHER & CO., 142 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

☞ *Watch No. 1089, Stem-Winder—bearing Trade-Mark "Frederic Atherton & Co., Marion, N. J.," manufactured by United States Watch Co., has been carried by me from December, 1869, to January 17, 1870, its total variation being only TWO SECONDS in the entire time.*
New York, Jan. 17, 1870. L. E. CHITTENDEN, *Late Reg. U. S. Treas.*

[illegible]

BEWARE of worthless imitations with which the country is flooded. To avoid imposition insist on a certificate of genuineness from those of whom you purchase, and see that the words MARION, N. J., are engraved on the plate over the Main Spring Barrel. All others are spurious.

For sale by LAWSHE & HAYNES,
sep25-d1y No. 30 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Rome Iron Manufacturing Company,
ROME, GEORGIA,
Manufacturers of Nails, Railroad Spikes, Car Axles,
CAR WHEELS AND MERCHANT BAR IRON—ALL SIZES.
THIS IRON IS MADE FROM THE BEST GEORGIA AND ALABAMA CHARCOAL PIG, AND EVERY BAR GUARANTEED.
ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO
J. & S. BONES & CO., AGENTS,
ROME, GEORGIA.

SPECIAL TO THE LADIES!
BULBS, BULBS, BULBS,
HYACINTHS, TULIPS,
NARCISSUS, CROCUS,
LILIES, GLADIOLUS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT JUST RECEIVED,
oct16 AT SAMUEL A. ECHOLS, BROAD STREET.

Planters, Look to Your Interest!

BUY ONLY THE BEST!
THE DIXIE PLOW
HAS met with immense success. Hundreds are sold yearly to Planters all over the country. THE DIXIE PLOW has distanced all others in competition, and stands unrivalled for durability, lightness, easy running and adjustability. Try it. Sold by
W. W. PARKER, General Agent, Macon, Georgia.
sep12-d3m

ST. LOUIS LEAD AND OIL COMPANY
MANUFACTURERS OF
STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD!
The Strictly Pure WHITE LEAD Manufactured by this Company is not excelled in Whiteness or Fineness by any in the World.
Linseed, Castor and Cotton Seed Oils.
CORRODERS AND GRINDERS OF Strictly Pure White Lead, DRY WHITE LEAD, AND RED LEAD And Litharge.
W. H. PULSIFER, President.
Office and Factory: Cor. Cass and Second Streets, St. Louis.
Wholesale and retail, by REDWINE & FOX, Druggists, Atlanta, Georgia.

The Daily Constitution.
Subscriptions Payable in Advance.
[illegible]
CLUB RATES.
[illegible]
Rates of Advertising.
[illegible]

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Cards of six lines or less, under this head inserted for twenty-five dollars for twelve months; ten dollars for six months; seven dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

LAWYERS.

HOWARD VAN EPPS, Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Ga., Office on Whitehall street, Rawson's Corner. aug6-d6m

J. C. BRANSON. T. W. HOOPER.

BRANSON & HOOPER, Attorneys at Law, Kingston, Ga., will practice in the Courts of the Cherokee and Tallapoosa Circuits. apr17-d1y

S. SPENCER, Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Ga., will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care. [illegible] apr6-d1f

MYNATT & BELL, Attorneys at Law, Atlanta, Ga., office in Hillyer's new Building on Alabama street, between Broad and Whitehall streets, over Georgia Loan and Trust Company's Bank. nov1-d1f

PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS.

DR. WM. G. DRAKE respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity. Special attention devoted to diseases of women and children. The best city reference can be given when desired. Office over [illegible] corner of Peachtree and Wheat streets. Residence near the Stone House, corner of Peachtree and [illegible] streets. Office hours, from 7 to 9 o'clock, A. M.; from 4 to 6 o'clock, P. M. july8-d1f

DR. W. C. ASHER offers his professional services to his friends and the public generally. Office and residence, corner of junction of Marietta and Walton streets, Atlanta, Ga.

DR. E. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlin & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia. jan7-d1f

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

WM. BOLLMAN, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Gold Pens, Spectacles, etc., Whitehall street, second door above Lynch & Co's Book Store, Atlanta, Georgia. Repairing done in good style and warranted. nov12-d1y

Hotels.

SPENCER HOUSE,
SOCIAL CIRCLE, GEORGIA.

ONE of the best Eating Houses in the State. Passengers by the evening train from Atlanta can get a splendid supper here. It is a nice summer resort. Mr. Spencer has fitted up several beautiful ponds for Bathing and Swimming, [illegible] Boat from Baltimore, for the pleasure of his boarders. The house is convenient to the track; no trouble in rainy weather to get to it. Parties going to Atlanta will find it convenient to lay over here at night to get a good night's rest and breakfast. june21-d1y

CHEHAW HOUSE,
CHEHAW, ALABAMA.

THIS elegant and popular HOTEL is now under the skillful management of Mr. J. E. HIGGINBOTHAM, Superintendent, who has had considerable experience in the business, and will spare neither pains nor money for the accommodation of his guests. The house is the regular breakfast stand for the up train from Montgomery, Alabama, to West Point, Georgia. may28-d1f

RAILROAD EATING HOUSE,
GRANTVILLE, GEO

THE traveling public over the Atlanta & West Point Railroad, will find a first class Hotel kept at the above place, and which cannot be surpassed in point of good living.

Mr. J. G. Trammell, the Proprietor, assisted by [illegible] estimable lady, has had an experience of over [illegible] years in Hotel keeping, and they are determined to spare no pains or expense to give entire satisfaction. may21-d1f

CAMP HOUSE,
FORSYTH, GEO

MR. J. B. CAMP having withdrawn from the management of the PYE HOUSE, and taken charge of THE PROCTOR HOUSE, would inform his friends and former patrons in all parts of the country, and the traveling public generally, that he is prepared to give ample accommodation and satisfaction to all who may make the Hotel their headquarters. The house has been thoroughly refitted and improved, and will now compare with the best.

A Stage Line to Indian Springs connects with this House and there is also a livery and sale stable attached. Travelers will find at this House a real old Virginia Welcome. J. B. CAMP, Proprietor. oct20-d1f

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,
MARIETTA, GEORGIA.

HAS ample rooms for the accommodation of families. A large Verandah has just been added, together with other improvements, making it the most pleasant summer resort in the land. Hops will be given and amusements provided for.
june30-d1f FLETCHER & FRYER.

BACON HOUSE,
LEXINGTON, GEORGIA.
JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.

A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep11-d1f

SIMS HOUSE,
SOUTH SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,
LAGRANGE, GEORGIA.
feb23-d1y F. M. T. BRANNON, Proprietor.

PYE HOUSE,
NEW HOTEL,
FORSYTH, GEORGIA.
ED. CALLOWAY, Clerk. W. H. WILSON, Proprietor.
oct26-d1f

SNELLING HOUSE,
GREENESBORO, GEORGIA.
BY MRS. J. A. SNELLING.

MEALS at all hours. Porters will attend the trains regularly. feb18-d1f

BARTOW HOUSE,
CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA.
J. T. GUYMER, Proprietor.

NO pains or expense spared to render guests comfortable. Attentive waiters, good fare. aug4-d1f

JOHNSON HOUSE,
BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,
KINGSTON, GEORGIA.
june23-d1f

CHATTAHOOCHEE HOUSE,
WEST POINT, GEORGIA.

THIS well known Railroad Dinner House has been recently enlarged and improved, and the proprietor is now prepared to accommodate the traveling public.

☞ The Bar is supplied with the choicest Liquors and Cigars.
may26-d1f W. L. WIL[illegible]

TIBBS HOUSE,
DALTON, [illegible]
J. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

NATIONAL HOTEL,
CHATTANOOGA, [illegible]
[illegible]
A. L. MILLER, Pro[illegible]
aug28-d1f

PLANTERS' [illegible]
AUGUSTA, [illegible]
JOHN A. GOLDSTEIN, [illegible]
[illegible]
july4-d1y

McDOWELL HOUSE,
NEWNAN, [illegible]
[illegible]
E. T. WHITE, Superintendent.
july9-d1f

PERRY HOUSE,
COLUMBUS, [illegible]
[illegible]

The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION. DEFIES REFUTATION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

I. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, November 15, 1870.

FOR CONGRESS,
(SEVENTH DISTRICT.)
Gen. P. M. B. Young,
OF BARTOW.

FOR SENATE—35TH DISTRICT:
MAJOR GEORGE HILLYER.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES:
DR. J. S. WILSON,
COL. E. F. HOGE,
HENRY JACKSON.

FOR SHERIFF:
J. O. HARRIS.

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT:
W. R. VENABLE.

FOR TAX RECEIVER:
A. G. GRIER.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR:
SAMUEL B. HOYLE.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:
C. M. PAYNE.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
W. A. HARDIN.

FOR CORONER:
WILLIAM KILE.

CITY NOMINATIONS.

FOR MAYOR:
Dr. JAMES F. ALEXANDER.

FOR ALDERMEN:
First Ward—C. W. WELLS.
Second Ward—N. A. McLENDON.
ROBERT J. LOWRY.
Third Ward—Dr. THOMPSON.
R. H. BUTLER.
Fourth Ward—JOHN H. MECASLIN.
J. A. WRIGHT.
Fifth Ward—F. P. RICE.
A. L. FOWLER.

☞ Ben Butler says wisely that war memories have played out as Radical capital. The "Alabama Claims" is Ben's suggestion for a Radical dodge.

◆

☞ General Grant's attempt to protect the purity of the elections in New York and Alabama, by the use of the bayonet, were very successful. Both States went largely Democratic.—*Courier-Journal.*

◆

☞ Judge Jones, of Southwestern Missouri notoriety, was a man remarkable in his way, as a jurist. While holding court in Burke county, a motion was made by Mr. Edsall, an able attorney, for a change of venue in a criminal case wherein, for causes, it was alledged that the Judge was so prejudiced against the defendant that he could not obtain an impartial hearing from him. Whereupon Judge Jones said: "Mr. Clerk, the motion of defendant for a charge of venue is overruled. You will so enter upon the record. But the Court, upon its own motion, grants to defendant the change of venue, for reasons that the defendant is so prejudiced against the Judge, that his rulings would not by defendant be considered law."

◆

☞ The New York Sun lays down its idea of the lesson of the late elections. It thinks that the Democracy has gained nothing worth talking about, and therefore, the fight has been a failure.

The failure is due to the dearth of new issues and the people fear that the Democrats would reopen reconstruction and start the war afresh.

The Sun then renews its advice. The Democrats must trot out a Presidential candidate that Republicans can support on principle.

In the light of the elections, he suggests Gratz Brown as a good Democratic candidate for President, in 1872.

Dana jokes too much. The idea of the Democracy turning Radical to whip the Radical party, has too much of the elements of a joke in it.

Dana must join the minstrels.

◆

The Late Elections and the Outlook for the Next Presidency.

The late elections—East, West and South—have established several important facts in reference to the next Presidency. They settle the conflict for the next Congress for the Republicans, with the balance of power in the President's vote; they show in their results that on the platform of General Grant's administration the Republican party still substantially holds its ground; that it has secured, through General Grant's liberal policy toward the black race, the mass of the seven hundred and fifty thousand colored voters of the country—a powerful element; that the great political reaction expected by overconfident Democratic arithmeticians has not yet begun, and that the Republicans, with Grant as their candidate, have still the inside track and a good headway for the Prsidential succession. On the other hand, it will be perceived from these elections that the Democracy everywhere are organized, active and hopeful; that, under the management of Tammany Hall, they are too strong to be displaced in New York, city or State; that they are quick to avail themselves of disaffections and discords in the Republican camp, and that, they are vigorously working for 1872. [*Herald.*

◆

To the Voters of Wilkes County.

WASHINGTON, GA., Nov. 7, 1870.

Below you will find an article taken from THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION of the 5th inst., for the truth of which I am able to vouch. It will be readily seen by multiplying 168, the number of days claimed for legislative service in 1870 by each member, by 9 (the wages per diem being $9 per day), each member from Wilkes received during the year 1870 alone, $1,512 00. It will be further seen, that these members each received in 1869, $585 00 for sixty-five days of service, and in 1868 for 95 days of sercice $855 00—in all, for two years legislative service, each of them received the sum of $2,952 00. The services of both of those members, costs the people of Wilkes county $5,904 00. One of those members was, for a large part of the time, also receiving pay as a Federal officer, at the rate of $3,000 00 per annum. And the worst part of the story yet remains to be told: that the tax received from the poor freedmen as a poll tax—which, by the Constitution of 1868 was sacredly devoted to their education, was spent by the Legislature in paying members of the Legislature;

To every voter in Old Wilkes, then we say— [illegible] your time of redress. At the Elec[illegible] speak in tones of thunder, that a gov[illegible] so faithless and corrupt as we [illegible] had for the past two years, does not [illegible] your approval. W. M. REESE.

[illegible]ington *Gazette.*

◆

[illegible] little Dayton Journal sends up the [illegible]

[illegible]gular and striking fact that the [illegible]arty has not a solitary faithful [illegible] of the press west of the Al[illegible]tains. All the great leading [illegible] used to represent the Republi[illegible] been seduced from their al[illegible] money-making power of the [illegible]ependent press. Witness the [illegible]incinnati, which is following in [illegible] the Commercial, that never had [illegible] the Democrat, at St. Louis, [illegible]ples from the old rebel cause, the [illegible] Republican; and the Chicago Trib[illegible] which followed nobody's example, but [illegible] into the hands of a lot of speculators, who [illegible]ver recognized any principle that didn't [illegible]roduce twenty-five per cent. interest.

☞ Wendell Phillips recently said that brains would rule Massachusetts. Phillips is undoubtedly a man of brains, and, as he was very badly beaten at the polls, we must conclude that the reign of brains in Massachusetts is postponed for the present.

☞ Sixteen miles of wooden-block pavement, have been laid in Chicago this year.

Governor Bullock's Faction on the Increase.

We have it in our power to congratulate Governor Bullock on an accession of nineteen valuable and congenial recruits, to his faction. We have also the pleasure of congratulating him on the ingenious novelty of his method of strengthening his squad. It deserves a patent. The Governor can congratulate the country that his party grows. At last the Radical cause may be said to be on the rise.

The names of the recruits are, John Davenport, Robert Perry, William Johnson, Green Inman, Jared S. Webb, John Williams, Henry Walker, Jake Walker, James A. Hall, Richard Hankison, Alfred Pitman, Henry Cain, Henry Daniel, James Martin, Paul Key, Mingo Trammel, George A Kero, Henry Singleton and Albert Davis. They have been serving their country for brief periods, varying from one to two years, in the Georgia Penitentiary. Most of these motley converts to the Radical faith, date their high public duties from the May sessions 1868 of various of our Superior Courts.

We believe that all of these individuals come under the class of NIGHT BURGLARS, having been caught in that species of innocent amusement, known as burglary at night, which the law somewhat venemously classes as slightly more heinous than day burglars, on account of the greater danger to human life. These precious night spirits, were returned unanimously by their juror constituents to the penitentiary for life, in grateful appreciation of their services to sleeping communities.

Moved by that liberal spirit towards convicted as well as unconvicted though guilty criminals, that has marked the course of our Executive, Governor Bullock has pardoned these valuable citizens, restored them to civil rights, and turned them loose on the country to break in and plunder more houses in the dark and vote the Bullock ticket in December.

His Excellency communicates his order to the keeper of the penitentiary through the columns of such newspapers, the object being probably by this publication, to spread before sundry delighted communities the emparadising intelligence that their neighborhood scamps are out of limbo, free to forage in their own innocent and excessively amusing style.

His Excellency further states in the plenitude of that benevolence, that selects the vicious for its favors, that he believes the law to have been fully vindicated, and hopes these burglarious gentlemen will please reform.

Voting the Radical ticket will be conclusive evidence of reform. The depth of absolution for crime involved in voting Radical has never yet been sounded. It is supposed by experts that it may be sounded during the next two years in Georgia.

Anyhow the turning loose of nineteen convicted and experienced burglars in a solid body, is one of those acts, however philanthropical they may be in motive, that yet in result, afford ground for foreboding for and sympathy with, the virtuous people of the State.

Just the exact amount of house-breaking and night-stealing that can and will be accomplished by his strong company of trained banditti, can be pretty well estimated by a perusal of the records of the various courts that sent these jail-birds to life imprisonment.

And the exact amout of gratitude due from these new Radical voters to the Governor can be simply mentioned to show the amount of execration done to the Governor from the people whose property and lives he has, by the abuse of the pardoning power, exposed to new danger.

◆

Next House of Representatives.

The Cincinnati Enquirer has been at the trouble to collect some interesting facts about the next House of Representatives.

This body meets on the 4th of March, 1871, for the purpose of organization. The elections for it have been almost completed, and the following will be found to be a nearly accurate table of its political classification:

States.	New Congress. Dem.	New Congress. Rep.	Present Congress. Dem.	Present Congress. Rep.
Maine	..	5	..	5
New Hampshire	..	3	..	3
Vermont	..	3	..	3
Massachusetts	..	10	..	10
Rhode Island	..	2	..	2
Connecticut (est.)	3	1	2	2
New York	15	16	12	19
New Jersey	2	3	3	2
Pennsylvania	6	18	11	13
Delaware	1	..	1	..
Maryland	4	1	4	1
Virginia	5	3	3	5
North Carolina	5	2	1	6
South Carolina	..	4	1	3
Georgia, (not elected)				
Alabama	4	3	2	5
Mississippi (not elected)				
Louisiana		4	1	3
Texas (not elected)				
Tennessee	6	2	1	7
Kentucky	8	1	9	..
Arkansas	3	..	1	2
Ohio	5	14	5	14
Indiana	5	6	4	7
Illinois	6	8	4	10
Missouri	6	3	3	6
Michigan	1	5	..	6
Wisconsin	2	4	1	5
Iowa	..	6	..	6
Minnesota	1	1	..	2
Nebraska	..	1	..	1
Kansas	..	1	..	1
Oregon	1	..	1	1
California (est.)	3	..	..	..
Nevada	..	1	2	1
	92	131	72	151
		92		72
		39		79

In these States the Republican majority in the next House will be thirty-nine. In the present they have seventy-nine majority—a loss of forty members. In Georgia, Texas and Mississippi, if there were fair elections, the Democracy would choose at least twelve out of the seventeen members, carrying their total representation up to one hundred and four, and reducing the majority against them to thirty-two. The two-thirds majority which the Republicans have so long had in the House, and exercised so mischievously in the passage of outrageous Constitutional Amendments and in the suspension of the rules to expedite their party measures is lost, never to be regained. When we consider that this gain of forty members in the House has been made in the face of a new negro vote, cast solid for the Republicans to the extent of hundreds of thousands, it will be admitted that a very wholesale reaction in public opinion has been going on. But this is not all. We have had to contend against a most rascally system of Congressional apportionments, made by partisan legislators for the express purpose of defeating the popular will in the election of members of the House.

Thus, for instance, it will be perceived that New York has but fifteen Democrats to sixteen Republicans, yet the State has given 80,000 Democratic majority. Who will pretend that such a delegation will reflect the views or fairly represent the great empire State? Look at Indiana, also Democratic on the popular vote by several thousand majority, and still electing but five Democrats to six Republicans. See the 200,000 Democrats of New England with hardly a representative from that section of the country. Observe the cunning legerdemain contrived in Ohio, where the Democrats, nearly equal in numbers to the Republicans, have but five members to the latter's fourteen. There are, in a similar way, unanimous delegations from Iowa and other States. If the public sentiment of the United States was correctly represented, as it should be by the Representatives, the next House would contain a Democratic majority.

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The Radical Ticket for City Council

There is now a clear issue between the Democrats and Radicals in the matter of the Municipal election. The Democrats have with unusual urbanity, selected a ticket. The candidates have accepted the nomination. And the Democracy as a party, is pledged to give that ticket a resolute and united support. No true Democrat can now honorably flinch the duty.

The Radicals, after some chaff about citizens' ticket, have brought out a straight and square party slate. The wager of battle is down. Let the victory be to the [illegible] Mr. Kimball, the gentleman selected to head the Radical slate, has not accepted the nomination yet, and therefore we are [illegible] to [illegible] of his claims to the Mayoralty at the [illegible] he says he is a [illegible]

But the Radical ticket, we shall say a few words about.

A few days ago, we told the people of Atlanta that it was a prime object of the Bullock and Blodgett faction to get possession of the city of Atlanta for its partisan purposes. We are now having a conclusive verification of that statement. This ticket is a Blodgett and Bullock ticket, and if elected, will control Atlanta in the interest of these men.

We say, in all solemnity, that the election of that ticket will be Atlanta's prodigious injury, and we say that every true lover of the city's prosperity is bound to oppose it.

Look at its composition. A. L. Harris, James Mullen and Geo. W. Evans, *all officials of the State Road*, under Blodgett and Bullock! S. W. Grubb, *an attache of the New Era, Bullock and Blodgett's organ!* G. R. Graham, and Wm. Finch freedmen!

Think of it, Atlanta tax-payers, that, not content with the State government and the State Road, the Governor and his brains, Mr. Foster Blodgett, have fixed up a band of five of their paid employees and two negroes to run your city in their interest, and expect you to be silly enough to fall into the trap and vote their band of chosen aldermen into office.

We have simply to say if you do it, you deserve the consequences, whatever they may be. If you do it, you go into the net with your eyes wide open.

In opposition to this cooked cup of poison, we offer you a Democratic ticket of sound citizens, headed by a staunch, capable, energetic, incorruptible gentleman.

It is a matter of deep interest to us all. It is a vital thing for Atlanta.

We say that the welfare of our wonderful and growing city, requires that the entire Democratic ticket be elected.

We say it with the profoundest conviction of its truth.

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Georgia News.

Athens has a brass band.

The Athens street railroad has reached the post-office, on "College Avenue."

The Radicals in Brunswick have two clubs who are hostile to each other.

The total registration in Augusta, up to Saturday, was 1,641.

And now Augusta wants a public laundry, and "ladies bosoms cleaned for five cents."

The crop of blue stem, or long legged collars, in Columbus, is immense.

Macon has received, since September first, over 40,000 bales of cotton.

Mr. J. T. Waterman proposes to publish a Weekly in Perry, Houston county, to be called the Houston Home Journal.

George Clower and Paul Austin, both negroes, have been nominated by the Radicals of Monroe county for the Legislature.

Mr. A. G. Goree has been appointed Conductor on the Thomaston and Barnesville Railroad.

James L. Seward has been nominated by the Democrats of Thomas county as a candidate for the lower branch of the General Assembly.

The students of the University are now busily engaged in their intermediate examinations.

The Savannah Radicals are noisy and turbulant at their meetings, and consume immense quantities of cheap benzine.

W. W. Flewellen has received from Gov. Bullock the appointment of Treasurer for Muscogee county, and has entered upon the duties of the office.

A lady in Jasper county (aged seventy-five) wants a divorce from her husband (aged seventy-eight) because he "spends half of his time running about with the girls."

About ten thousand dollars changed hands on the result of the three races that came off on Wednesday and Thursday last, on the Central Georgia Race Course, at Macon.

The Savannah nymphs du pave have commenced a lawsuit against the owners of a theater there for refusing to allow them to attend a theatrical performance, after having bought their tickets.

The Corporators of the McDonough and Western Railroad assemble in Griffin on Wednesday morning next, the 16th in order to forward the interests of the enterprise, and to determine on the organization of the Company.

A collision occurred on the Macon and Brunswick Railroad last Saturday, between a wood and a freight train, thirteen miles below Macon, at Denson's marsh. James Sullivan, fireman, and John B. Foster, wood passer, were killed. Twenty freight cars were totally demolished, and the engines badly damaged.

There are at present, in the University of Georgia, 167 students, and out of that number 68 are professors of religion, and 7 are studying for the ministry. The Senior class numbers 36. Fifteen of these are contemplating studying law; six intend to be farmers; three, civil engineers; one, a teacher; three, doctors; three, preachers; and two, merchants.

The Columbus Sun says that a letter from Dr. Maull states that he recommended Judges J. J. McKendree and John Quin, and Tarver (colored) as managers of the election in Columbus. Bullock stated he preferred not making the appointments until they had the recommendation of Col. Mott.

Since the first of the present month a leading warehouse firm of Macon has lifted acceptances of planters' drafts to the amount of $250,000.

A very destructive fire occured at Valdosta, Ga., on the 8th instant, just before day, in which eight of the principal stores in the town were burned. The merchants burned out were S. A. Smith, Jr., Remer Young, R. Thomas, J. M. Grey, R. L. Dickinson, Mosely, Wells & Co., H. J. Paramore and W. H. Briggs. The fire was first discovered in the store of Dickinson, and is supposed to have been the work of negro incendiaries in revenge for a negro that was cut in an affray with a white man.

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OUR FRENCH LETTER.

The French no Faith in the Armistice—England's Role a Puzzler—Metz and Bazaine—Paris and its Pantry—Balloon Newspapers—Provincial Dander Up—Marseilles Licks Prussians on Her Own Hook—oder Dings.

[Special Foreign Correspondence of The Constitution.]

AMIENS, October 29, 1870.

The French have no faith in the projected armistice. From personal conversation with men of all parties, from a careful perusal of the provincial press, of all shades, the mission of Thiers to Bismarck is regarded as a foregone failure. Whether France be aware of her real position—whether her confidence be justified that she can yet command time to equip armies to repel the enemy, she is, at all events, resolved not to conclude any treaty which will demand the cession of her territory. The French are as stubborn on this point as the German on the contrary, for the principle of yielding territory or guarding it rests not with Gambetta or Bismarck, but with their respective peoples. That French boundaries will be altered, Teutonia is determined upon; that they shall not, Gaul is passionately resolved to prevent.

It is difficult to comprehend the role of England in face of this antagonism. She has found a way out of the labyrinth, it would be better to allow the war to find its natural solution. Already she is suspected of making this effort; first, from a spirit of self-interest, and second, to cover the retreat of Prussia. The fact of the German troops in these quarters having to fall back or concentrate before the insurrectional attitude of the people, the growing obstinacy of the French troops in several recent engagements, the patriotic character of Paris, tend to buoy up hope. A respectable victory for the French would create a demand to exact an indemnity from the invader, rather than to pay him one. M. Thiers will consult the moiety of the Government at Paris before passing to the Prussian headquarters, or in other words, he intends taking the sense of Paris. From his recent series of visits to European courts, he knows what the neutral powers think of the position of France. He must be equally posted in the resources of his country to make headway against Prussian success. He is a brave man. He alone had the courage to raise his voice last July, against France precipitating herself against Fatherland. He was hooted down by the emissaries of Imperialism, whom we know from the secret papers seized at the Tuileries, to be in the pay of the man of Sedan. For his honesty, his house was all but sacked, when Paris was in the *à Berlin* fever. Will he boldly state to the Parisians the real state of the case? Has he courage to recommend the citizens to concede the principle of parting with an inch of the sacred soil of France? To do so, in the present feeling of Paris, [illegible]

[illegible]

rains—no politics divide them. The programme of the government is that of every man, woman and child—to expel or bury the last German. Gambetta and Favre could not be excelled in carrying out this work—they are eagerly searching for able Generals, administrators—cannon and rifle. Their decrees for keeping bright the *fine arts* leave nothing to be desired—bravery and brains they will reward at any price, cowardice and incompetency they will punish without mercy.

There is Metz and Bazaine. The fall of the Maiden fortress is anticipated—the catastrophe of Sedan has deprived it of terms. Bazaine creates pain by his recent negotiations at Versailles and with the ex-Empress. But he can never become a General Monk; to attempt to restore the effete dynasty—to repeat the experiment of 1852—the putting the governmental pyramid on its base—with ignorance and terror for its foundation, corruption, ruin, despotism for a summit—is a stupendous folly. If forced to choose between a Hohenzollern and a Bonaparte, the French would prefer the cause of the war of 1970. Pressed by an *entourage* of conspirators, the ex-Empress has wisely declined their advice to return to the flesh-pots of Egypt. Failing England, the centre of intrigue has its headquarters at Brussels, where the lady Bonapartists conspire openly and at will. So much for the political situation—for the moment the most burning.

Paris is everything praiseworthy—Capua has become Sparta—not a complaint about the hard times. External news is imagined, so that monotony is relieved. If balloons can not enter Paris, they can bear it, so the inhabitants have the consolation, that they occupy the attention of the world still. Politics have become a bore—to blow up the invaders is the all absorbing idea—to fraternize with the relief provincial legions, the expected hope. No one has had to complain of limited food. Weeks before the city was invested, smaller families had laid in their supplies to meet the seven years of scarcity, and in addition, Trochu was the Joseph that catered for the common stock. The belief is spreading that Paris is better provisioned than is generally thought, and that naming two months supplies, was part of Trochu's strategy, to ward off, for a time the imminent Prussian bombs. There is plenty of wine, flour, and meat—fresh and preserved—with these, life is supportable. "Liebig's extract" abounds, as well as other articles of preserved food. Coffee, chocolate and tea, have not risen a centime in price, and milk has become an article of successful daily manufacture. For many things, there are "the most perfect substitutes."

The dustman has been metamorphosed. Instead of having to collect the offal of the kitchen in the streets, each house has a common refuse tub, which is simply emptied into the dust cart. The change will survive the Prussian investment. Even the chiffoniers are told off—a certain number of the above tubs being allocated to them for fortune-seeking. Good-by future romances about the ragpickers of Paris. Not being able to be transported to the forest of Bondy, the city refuse is deposited in profound trenches, and pressed into the smallest possible space by steam—rollers—a company effecting all for the value of these manure-beds. In the open places, where the artillery horses are camped and the live stock for consumption, dryness is effected, by a plow-making furrows, health and effectual drainage being at once secured. Volunteer committees exist, doing the duties of inspectors of public health. They have full powers to enter and examine the hygienic state of every household. The engines which thresh the corn and afterward grinds it, pump up water from the river and distributes a plentiful supply over the city. In some parts ponds have been made in wide streets, where, in case of fire from shells, the people can run and fill their buckets. Not only do "aerial railways" exist for enabling persons to descend in a basket, tub or small wagon, in case of fire, but communications are being broken between houses so that people can escape the length of a street by running through several houses.

The people have gladly submitted to the breaking down of the middle wall of partition. Firing has been largely supplemented from the stores of old wood accumulated by the rebuildings in the city. A school of little journals has appeared printed in diamond type, about the size of half a sheet of note paper. They publish "balloon editions," on thin paper, for the edification of "foreign regions." Others are lithographed in characters so small and close as to require a microscope to reveal the news. The "balloon mail" carries no single communication exceeding the eigth of an ounce. Now, one of the most kindly associations started is that for supplying old women with snuff, an article largely consumed by the female working classes in France. It is nearly akin to disgust to witness pretty girls using their snuff box. Well, the committees of charity now add a distribution of snuff to their other aids for the ages.

The soldiers are being daily engaged in petty skirmishes—accustomed to fire—so that no skedaddling may be expected for the future. Besides, those guilty of such "fits" will be shot on recovery. The National Guards are only jealous of their heroic brothers, the Mobiots, and volunteer in masses for sortie duty. Each company, as its turn comes round for rampart work, has a canteen-cart with good things, reminding them of the comforts of a home, along with a good supply of cards and dominoes, the fatigue of watching the Prussians is greatly lessened.

In the Provinces, the blood of the inhabitants is not only up, but keeping so. The government, among other sumptuary measures, has ordered that, on the approach of the enemy, farmers, if they cannot do better, must destroy their flocks and herds, slay their horses. An official will estimate the value of the sacrifice, sign it, and the loss will be made good by the nation hereafter.

The country people, as the invasion approaches, are better able to form an opinion of how the late dynasty has betrayed them, and illustrate it by making bonfires of every imperial insignia they can lay hands upon. The Vendeans are proverbially religous, and politically their sympathies are Legitimist. To conciliate their wishes, the Government has allowed their leader, Colonel Charette, to have for a battle-flag the historical Bourbon lillies and the figure of the Virgin. Certainly this is the extreme of republican toleration; but all are patriots first, which explains how Garibaldi holds a place even in the hearts of the ex-Pontificial Zouaves who fight by his side. To meet their religious susceptibilities, he has in his late instructions for Guerilla tactics recommended his braves, never to sleep except in day time, and to prefer for a bedroom, the village steeples, where being high and dry, they can also keep a good lookout. Marseilles does not appear to be very obedient to the powers that be—rather inclined to beat back the Germans according to her own ideas. The superseded préfet Esquiros, in holding out, does not add to his dignity. But in over-ruling an order of that gentleman's, suppressing an opposition print, Gambetta has bravely shown, the Republic will have nothing in common with the extinct Empire.

It is said that a brisk trade is going on between Belgium and France in the matter of chassepots. Many of the peasantry picked up the rifles from the battle field of Sedan, and now smuggle them to their former owners at a fair remuneration.

Among the secret papers recently issued, are two telegrams dating from the period of the King of Prussia's visit to the Paris exhibition of 1867. On returning to Berlin, his Majesty thanked Napoleon for his hospitable attentions, and expressed the stereotype vows about dwelling together in amity. A short time before this the French Foreign Minister, Lavalette, had signified to his Ambassador at Berlin, that Prussia was making military preparations on a vast scale, and to buy up horses in Hungary or anywhere else! The only public institution opened to sight-seers in Paris is the Tuileries, and the only part of the palace patronized are the dressing-rooms of the Empress, and the ingenious system of railway or ceiling communication, by which Eugenie was let down from one room to another, to complete the various stages of her toilet. Two albums were only found in her boudoir—one of those Deputies, the Swiss Guards of the Imperial party, many of whom were costly defenders to the privy purse, and the other, of the chief and prettiest ballet dancers at the opera. The several embassies in Paris have buried their archives in the gardens and court-yards attached. Epitaph, *Resurgam.*

For the present a lull is anticipated in the fighting and marching—but it is only an anticipation, the hope or guess of one hour incomes destroyed by stern reality in the next. Amiens, so long threatened with fire and sword, and all the dire consequences for preparing to receive the Prussians, has so far escaped; but for how long, there is the rub. Some assert we will not be molested for a fortnight yet. What an eternity to live through! However, Bourbaki evidently does not think so. He is massing his excellent "army of the North," between here and Rouen, and keeping his men drilling as if they were on tread mill duty. But the General knows the weak point in the stalwart country lads, and the lads are aware of it all, and improve it by hard labor day and night. Some sickness has set in among the troops. They would be more than "Ironsides" should they escape the consequences of lodging on the cold ground these nights, when the windows of Heaven remain so open that a Noah's ark seems to be a necessity among the other innovations in this war. Pending the arrival of the P[illegible] [illegible] we have had a visit from [illegible]

[illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, November 14.—The President has returned.

The Revenue Commissioner publishes a tobacco statement showing within the United States 946 factories, 400 cutting machines, 3,000 screw presses, and 208 hydraulic presses.

The total amount of the penal bond is over seven millions.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, November 14.—There are eight counties to be heard from. The Missouri Lower House will stand, 78 Democrats; 14 Fusion; 21 Liberal, and 17 regular Republicans. In the Senate neither party will have a majority, but the Democrats will have the control of the body.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, November 14.—The Court of Appeals, two judges dissenting, declares the enrolling act unconstitutional wherein the Court is empowered to review the decisions of the same Court, when it was composed of military appointees.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, November 14.—Official returns show that the Republicans carried the city by 5,000. The Republicans claim four members of Congress. The 5th District is in doubt.

Revenue cutter Wilderness arrived with sixty Baton Rouge rioters. The prisoners were sent to the parish prison.

Commissioner Weller has gone to Donaldsonville to issue warrants for the arrest of the rioters. They will be brought here for trial. All the rioters will be tried upon the charge of violating the Enforcement Act of Congress, approved May 31st.

The public schools were opened this morning. They are not mixed.

The fall meeting of the Metairie races commences on the 26th.

The Lone Star Base Ball Club departed for Montgomery to meet the Mutuals, from New York, and play at the Alabama State Fair.

The Republicans claim the State by 30,000 majority, and all their Congressmen, Sheldon, Sypher, Darrell, McClung, and Morey being elected to the next Legislature.

Rain this morning heavy, with west wind prevailing.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 14.—Telegraphic communication with Havana, and points beyond, has been restored.

The Telegram's special from London says, the situation of the Prussian army requires additional reinforcements.

From Versailles Woodhouse, Secretary of the English Embassy, has arrived with a batch of Englishmen, allowed to leave Paris by the Germans. They report the stock of provisions in Paris short.

Weather cold with frequent snow.

Moltke has issued stringent orders regarding the bearers of the Geneva cross, whose safeguard is guaranteed by all the great powers represented in the Geneva convention.

The opposition of the German liberal papers to the convention of federal parliament at Versailles is based upon the ground that the members would scarcely consent to gather where they would be compelled to legislate under the pressure of military influence.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, November 14.—The political conference of representatives of the late Union Reform party held in Columbia Friday night, determined unanimously to abide by the recognition of civil and political equality of the negroes; to protect colored men who voted with the reform party; to welcome all colored men who deserve to enter the colored ranks; to expose frauds at the late election, and bring offenders to justice, and to use every exertion in discountenancing violence, and preserving good order and peace.

FRANCE.

TOURS, November 14.—Advices from Lyons show the Prussians advancing steadily in the east.

Dale is occupied by Garibaldi and the French general at Chaguy.

It is supposed the two armies will unite to check the Prussian advance.

The fortifications at Lyons continue. The heights about the town are greatly strengthened.

Dispatches from Lille announce the Prussians near Lafar.

An engagement occurred on Saturday near Evreux. The Prussians were driven back with loss.

A battle was expected to-day at Touny. whither the army of the Loire was advancing.

Bavarian prisoners recently brought from Tours have been sent to Lisle.

The French removed the lights and buoys from the mouth of the river Gamboon, on the west coast of Africa.

CUBA.

HAVANA, November 14.—On Monday last the Prussian war steamer Meteor, three guns, and the French war steamer Bauret, five guns, entered this harbor. The Meteor sailed again after the French mail steamer Neaveau Maude. The Nauveau Maude returned, fearing capture. On Tuesday the Bauret sailed; and waited on the outside of the harbor for the Meteor. The Meteor followed after the legal time. The Spanish steamer Hernando Cortes sailed out to observe the movements of the two steamers. The Meteor had sixty men; the Bauret 80 men. The Bauret opened fire with five shots, which the Meteor returned. The Bauret then attempted to board, but failed, her rigging having become entangled, carrying away her main and mizzen mast. The falling masts became entangled with the Metor's screw, and at the same moment the Meteor sent a shell into the Bauret, exploding her steam chest. The Meteor became unmanageable from the entangled crew, and the Bauret, finding herself disentangled, sailed for the port. The Meteor continued firing, but a fair wind enabled the Bauset to reach the Cuban waters, when the Hernando Cortes fired a gun as a signal that the combat had closed. Both fought bravely. The victory was accorded the Meteor. Both are in port repairing damages. The Meteor had three men killed and one wounded. The Bauret had three wounded.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, November 14.—Correspondents write hence that information has been received that Paris cannot hold out longer than three weeks. The Prussians will trust to hunger to compel a surrender. No bombardment occurs.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, November 14.—Much snow has fallen in northeastern France,

The Prussians have captured the towns of Isle Le Daubs and Clerralin, in the department of Daubs.

The Mobiles have retreated to the southward of France, and the Tireurs have disappeared from that section.

One of the tunnels on the Strasburg line has fallen in, hopelessly interrupting communication by that line.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, November 14.—Riseasoli announces his retirement from public life.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November, 14.—The World's special from Tours, says the main body of the army of the Loire yesterday occupied a position extending along the line of the Chateau Dun road to St. Perary, Patay and Cherily. Total loss of Germans in actions of 7th, 9th, and 10th before Orleans, including 500 sick and wounded, who were abandoned, aggregates 10,000, killed, wounded and prisoners.

General Paladines is now executing a movement which is designed to outflank General Van Derauns' right.

It is observed here with surprise that King William omitted to mention Providence in his dispatch announcing General Van Dertaun's advance to Tauny.

FRANCE.

VERSAILLES, November 14.—The German forces here have received scarcely any reinforcement since the fall of Metz, except the 17th and 4th divisions of Wurtembergers, who were sent westward soon after the capitulation.

A change of plans has occurred at Lyons, and an immediate attack on the city is threatened by the Germans. The recent firing from the guns on Enciente at Paris, show that they have far greater range than has hitherto been supposed. The shells of these guns, yesterday, reached and demolished the German works beyond Villa Daunay.

The military authorities here are increasing their severity and cruelty towards the civil functionaries of the city.

Parties who were captured from a balloon, were still held as prisoners at Vuneil on last Monday evening. Von Bismarck strenuously advocated the shooting of all captured balloonists.

A number of civilians at Versailles, have been arrested by the German [illegible] with Paris, they have been sent to Germany as prisoners of war.

General Trochu daily [illegible] [illegible] Mont Du Valerien. The [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

conferred with any other person than Bismarck. Bavarian negotiations still continue at Versailles. They leave on Saturday. The result of their mission is unknown.

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Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, November 14.—Cotton quiet; uplands 16¼; sales 3,500 bales. Flour, State and Western 5a10c higher; superfine 4 90a 5 05: Southern, a shade firmer; common to fair, extra, 5 65a7 20. Wheat, 2a3c better with good export and milling demand; winter red and amber Western 1 35a140. Corn, a shade better; old, 89a90½. Beef, steady. Pork, unchanged. Lard, unchanged. Whisky, dull, 87. Groceries, dull. Naval stores, steady and firm. Tallow firm, 9a9⅜. Freights, a shade firmer; cotton, steamer, ⅜a8-16; sail, ⅜a5-16. Wheat, steamer, 9½; sail, 8½. Money, quiet, 5a6; exceptions, 4. Sterling, quiet, 9½a9⅝. Gold, 11⅛a11¼. Governments closed steady, 8½. Southerns, very dull and generally declined. New Tennessee's, very weak; new South Carolina's, fell off from strong prices a few days since. Tennessee's, 61½; new, 59½. North Carolina's, 48; new, 26. Gold opened at 12⅛ and adanced to 12⅜ but gradually fell off. Governments opened weaker, but about noon rallied ⅛; closed steady but not very active; 62's 8⅛; 64's 7; 65's 7½; new 9½; 67's same; 68's 9⅛; 40's 6⅛. Virginia's 64. Louisiana's 71; new 65; levees 71½; 8's 89; Alabama 8's 1 02; 5's 71. Georgia's 80; 7's 91; South Carolina's 85; new 71.

AUGUSTA, November 14.—Market opened dull, but closed firm and active; sales 1,140; receipts 1,217; middlings 14½.

NEW ORLEANS, November 14.—Flour dull and nominal; superfine 4 50; double 5 50; treble 5 75a6 00, Corn, white, lower at 75a80; yellow firmer at 95a97½. Oats 49a50. Bran 1 07½a1 10. Hay, prime 29; choice 31. Pork dull; mess 25 00. Bacon, shoulders 14½; clear sides 21½; hams 25a28. Lard 18. Sugar easier; yellow clarified to white 10⅞a11½. Molasses, prime 65a67. Coffee dull at 17½a 17¾. Sterling 21½. Sight ¼a½ discount. Gold 11½.

Cotton quiet; middlings 15¼a15½; sales 1,800; net receipts 6,447; coastwise 536; total 6,983; exports to Great Britain 6,947; coastwise 1,354; stock 94,616.

SAVANNAH, November 14.—Cotton active with light offerings; middlings 15½; sales 2,500; net receipts 5,638; exports to Great Britain 7,688; coastwise 4,444; stock 77,567.

MOBILE, November 14.—Cotton quiet but firm; middlings 15; sales 1,400; net receipts 2,946; exports coastwise 252; stock 32,741.

WILMINGTON, November 14.—Cotton quiet and nominal; middlings 15; sales 100; net receipts 867; exports coastwise 1,160; stock 3,358.

GALVESTON, November 14.—Cotton firm; good ordinary 13¼a13½; sales 900; net receipts 1,040; stock 15,171.

LOUISVILLE, November 14.—Bagging firm; hemp 28; flax 29. Flour steady; extra family 5 25. Corn more active, unchanged. Mess pork steady at 23 50. Lard, new in tierces 14; kegs 16.

ST. LOUIS, November 14.—Flour unchanged. Corn firmer; choice new yellow 69; No. 2 mixed 54. Whisky dull at 85. Hemp and bagging unchanged. Pork steady; new 24 00a 24 50; old 25 00a25 75. Bacon, shoulders 14a 14½.

CHARLESTON, November 14.—Cotton quiet; middlings 15½; sales 300; net receipts 2,400; exports to Great Britain 2,204; coastwise 1,720; stock 26,079.

NORFOLK, November 14.—Cotton quiet but firm; middlings 14½; sales 250; net receipts 3,033; exports coastwise 3,127; stock 4,902.

BALTIMORE, November 14.—Cotton quiet but firm; middlings 15½; sales 500; net receipts 100; coastwise 270; total 370; exports coastwise 125; stock 5,550.

Flour dull. Wheat higher; red amber 1 70a1 75. Corn active, white, old, 73a82, new 74a76. Pork firm at 26 00. Bacon firm and scarce; shoulders 15½. Whisky 87a88.

CINCINNATI, November 14.—Flour, advance asked, none established; family 5 50a 5 70. Corn firm and in fair demand at 48a50. Mess pork dull and unchanged. Lard dull and unchanged. Whisky steady, moderate demand at 84a85.

LONDON, November 14—Evening.—Consols 92½. Bonds 88½. Tallow 13a19.

LIVERPOOL, November 14—Evening.—Cotton firmer; uplands 9½; Orleans 9¾; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 3,000 bales. American cotton dearer on account of scarcity. Red winter Wheat 10s 1da10s 2d.

Selected Markets.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 10.

CORN—There was an improved demand for sound, new corn this morning from the distillers, and the market opened firmer, though no advance was realized. In the afternoon, there was less inquiry, though holders were firm, and full prices were asked. The sales at the lower depots were 49a50, and some purchases were made at the Little Miami Railroad at 48c per bushel of 70 pounds. Nothing of consequence transpired in old corn; there is not much on the market, and the demand was quite light. The asking rates are 55a60c for mixed and white, with occasional sales. The distillers prefer new at this difference in price, and there is no export demand for old, what inquiry exists being chiefly for milling purposes.

HOGS—The receipts are still small, not exceeding 2,200 head for the past twenty-four hours. The weather continues cool, favorable for packing purposes and an increased demand for hogs was experienced, and the light supplies enabled holders to establish a further advance. The pens were cleared at an early hour. We now quote light to heavy averages 7 20 to 7 40 per central gross, and as high as 7 50 was paid for several lots of extra heavy. A material advance was also reported at Chicago. Should the weather continue favorable, liberal arrivals may be anticipated in a few days.

PROVISIONS—A firmer feeling prevailed, owing to the upward movement in hogs, and in some instances an advance was realized, though there was not a great deal done.

LOUISVILLE, November 11, 1870.

CORN.—The market presents nothing new, and only a fair local demand prevails. We quote old ear-corn from store 60c per bushel, and new crop ear from wagons at 45a60c per bushel.

HAY.—A fair request is reported by dealers, and prices rule steady. We quote the various grades of timothy on the wharf at 15 00a17 50 per ton. Sales are made from store at 19 50 per ton.

MESS PORK—There is very little new city packed ready for delivery. It is held at $24, and there were small transactions at these figures.

GREEN MEATS—An increased demand was reported, and prices are again higher, with sales at 7c, for shoulders 10½c for rib sides and 12 a 12½. for hams, the latter for light weights. The greater portion of the meat of the hogs now being cut was sold ahead. We heard of no sales for future delivery.

BULK MEATS—No sales of importance came under our notice. Purchases can be made at 11 a 11¼c for shoulders, 14½c for clear rib, and 15 a 15¼c. for clear sides, 18 to 20 days in salt, all packed.

LARD—Kettle-rendered leaf sold at 14c. for city brands, but the offerings were light.—There were some sales of prime steam at 17c. on the spot and to be made.

BULK MEATS—The operations were on a moderate scale to-day, and we quote clear sides at 17c, clear rib at 16½c, and shoulders at 12c per pound.

HAMS—Stocks are very light, and we continue to quote sugar-cured fancy at 25c.

MESS PORK—is held at 23a24 per bbl.

LARD—A fair jobbing demand prevails for new, and we quote prime leaf in tierce at 16½c, and in keg at 17c.

HOGS—The demand was more active to-day and prices have advanced. We quote at 7a7 40 per 100 pounds gross. Receipts are light. The weather is cloudy, with indications of rain, and the slaughtering operations are light.

PROVISIONS.—Provisions were in active demand, and strong, at an advance of 25a50c per bbl. on pork, ¼c on lard, and ¼c on meats. The light receipts of hogs, and the more favorable weather for killing, brought out buyers for hogs at the stock-yards, and caused an advance there, which sent up provisions in sympathy, and made many operators think it about time to expect a reaction from recent depressing influences. It is well known that our stocks amount to nothing practically; that large orders are waiting to be filled as soon as the stuff can be put on the market, and that operations for future delivery this year are larger than ever, which may leave the shorts out in the cold by the time they want to deliver. Hence holders were quite independent in their views, and buyers were almost in the condition of supplicants for favor. Mess pork closed at 24 00 for old, 21 50 for new, 19 50 for do, seller December, 19 25 for do, seller January, and 19 00a19 25 for do, seller February. Lard closed at 13 1-4c, do, seller December at 13 1-4c; do, seller January 12c. Green meats were quoted at 7c for shoulders, 9 3-4c for rough sides, 10 3-4 for short ribs, 11 1-4 for short clear, and 11c for hams. Meats in salt eight or ten days quotable at 7 1-2a7 3-4 for shoulders, 10 1-4a10 1-2 for rough sides, 11a11 1-4 for short short ribs. Sweet pickled hams nominal at 13 1-2c. Beef products were steady at about 11 00 for mess; 13 00 for extra mess. Beef hams 23 00. Grease 7a11c, and tallow at 8 3-4a9 1-4c. [*Chicago Tribune.*

G. W. ADAIR, AUCTIONEER.—THREE MITCHELL STREET LOTS.—I will sell on the premises on Wednesday, the 16th instant, at 10 o'clock A. M., three of those No. 1 business lots, fronting on Mitchell street, 30 by 110 feet, to an alley between Broad street and A. K. Seago's Store. Also, one lot fronting [illegible]

New Advertisements.

WANTED,

IMMEDIATELY, a Partner with a capital of from FIVE to SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS, to engage in a business that will, without any risk, return the amount invested in the first three months, and a profit equal to the amount invested every four months afterwards. For particulars address "J. B. S.," Savannah, Georgia. nov15-dlt

Bale's Auction House,

ROME..........GEORGIA.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. Returns made as desired. J. A. BALE, Proprietor.

REFERENCES—J. H. James, Banker, Atlanta; Meador & Bro., Atlanta; Silvey & Dougherty, Atlanta; Moore & Marsh, Atlanta; Cox & Hill, Atlanta.
Rome, Georgia, November 15, 1870—dtf

THE ATLANTA REAL ESTATE

—AND—

Building Association.

THOSE who have taken stock in said Association, or may do so, are requested to meet in Room No. 3, Peters' Railroad Block, opposite National Hotel, THURSDAY NIGHT next, for organization.

Persons desiring information on the subject, or to take stock, may apply to
W. J. HOUSTON,
WALLACE & FOWLER,
N. J. HAMMOND,
J. M. BORN, Jr.,
nov15-d3t Or, SAMUEL W. GRUBB.

LOUISVILLE HOUSE.

Smith, Sturgeon & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Hay, Corn, Oats and other Products.

Special attention to Southern orders for any merchandise in the Louisville market.
Refer in Atlanta to Adair & Bro. nov15-d3m

Amusements.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE!

JOHN TEMPLETON..........Director.

Unabated Enthusiasm! Large and Enthusiastic Audiences! Genuine Triumphs of

WARD.

NEW PLAYS.

IRELAND AS IT WAS!

IRISH TUTOR!

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15TH, 1870.

No Advance in prices. Tickets and seats usual resorts. nov15-1t.

Skating Rink!

THE RINK will be open every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons, and every morning exclusively for ladies to learn and practice this beautiful accomplishment.

Competent teachers will be in attendance to give instructions, free of charge. nov3-d1m

FOR SALE

IN the town of Jonesboro', a fine Brick Store-house, two stories high, with ¼ acre of land attached. For terms apply to Harris & Hightower, Jonesboro'; or to D. P. FURGERSON,
nov12-d1m Jonesboro, Ga.

Boarding!

PERSONS desiring board, with pleasant rooms, can be accommodated by applying at the Large Brick House, on Ivy street, near the old market. Day boarders will find this House convenient to business. nov3-dtf

Baltimore Advertisements.

THE LEFFEL'S UNRIVALLED AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL,
Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys
STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS.
POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, MD.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.
nov5-deod&w1y

George Page & Co.,

No. 5 N. Schroeder Street, Baltimore.

Manufacturers of

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

PATENT IMPROVED, PORTABLE

Circular Saw Mills,

Gang, Muley and Sash Saw Mills, GRIST MILLS, TIMBER WHEELS, SHINGLE MACHINES, Etc. Dealers in Circular Saws, Belting and Mill supplies generally, and manufacturer's agents for Leffel's Celebrated Turbine Water Wheel, and every description of Wood Working Machinery.

AGRICULTURAL ENGINES A SPECIALTY.

☞ Send for discriptive Catalogues & Price Lists. nov5-deod&w1y

65 First Prize Medals Awarded

THE GREAT

Southern Piano

MANUFACTORY.

WM. KNABE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

PIANO FORTES,

BALTIMORE, MD.

THESE Instruments have been before the Public for nearly Thirty Years, and upon their excellence alone attained an unpurchased pre-eminence, which pronounces them unequaled. Their

TONE

combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of Intonation and Sweetness throughout the entire scale. Their

TOUCH

is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos.

IN WORKMANSHIP

they are unequaled, using none but the very best seasoned material, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, etc., on hand.

☞ All our Square Pianos have our New Improved Over strung Scale and Agraffe Treble.

☞ We would call special attention to our late improvements in GRAND PIANOS AND SQUARE GRANDS, Patented August 14, 1866, which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained.

Every Piano fully warranted for five years.

We have made arrangements for the SOLE WHOLESALE AGENCY for the most celebrated PARLOR ORGANS AND MELODEONS, which we offer, Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Factory Prices.

WM. KNABE & CO.,
nov5-deod&w6m Baltimore, Md.

ESTABLISHED 1811.

CUSHINGS & BAILEY,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

262 BALTIMORE ST., BALTIMORE,

Have the

LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK

in the city of

SCHOOL, MEDICAL, LAW, and DENTAL, CLASSICAL and MISCELLANEOUS

Books.

An immense supply of

GENERAL BANK AND COUNTING-HOUSE

STATIONERY.

Blank Books made to order in any style of Binding and Ruling.

The same careful Attention given to

ORDERS

as to Personal Purchases.

INSIDE FIGURES ALWAYS.

Send for Catalogues, etc. nov5-deod6m

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO

CONSUMERS OF DRY GOODS.

All Retail Orders amounting to $20 and Over Delivered in any Part of the Country

FREE OF EXPRESS CHARGES.

HAMILTON EASTER & SONS,

OF BALTIMORE, MD.,

In order the better to meet the want of their Retail Customers at a distance, have established a

SAMPLE BUREAU,

[illegible]

Special Notices.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE FIRST WARD.—As C. P. Cassin and myself tied on the 10th instant, at the ballot-box, and the Chairman of the meeting desires that we should run the race over next Thursday night, at my Hall, on Broad Street, and inasmuch as I am closely confined on the Grand Jury of the county, I am compelled to rely upon my friends to come out at said time, without personal solicitation from me. I do hope that, considering my confined condition, my friends will all, to a man, turn out and come and vote, for they must do the work. Let it be remembered that I am a candidate through the race.
nov15-d2t LARKIN H. DAVIS.

☞ Owing to a misunderstanding and improper treatment, and the earnest solicitation of many friends, I announce myself as an independent candidate for Sheriff of DeKalb county at the ensuing election.
oct8-dtd W. J. THRASHER.

FOR TAX RECEIVER.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of Receiver of Tax Returns of Fulton county. The manner in which I have discharged the duties of the office in the past will be my pledge for the future. Being now far advanced in age, and having no other means of support for myself and family, I solicit the suffrage of my fellow-citizens without distinction of party.
sep18-dtf SAMUEL GRUBB.

OFFICE OF H. K. HICKS & CO.,
Managing Agents, Calhoun, Ga.,
October 22, 1870.

Owing to a large number of our agents failing to make returns in time, and to the tickets not being all sold, the Grand Raffle and Sale is postponed to the 26th of December, 1870, or sooner, if the tickets are all sold—due notice of which will be given.

The Managing Agents return their thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon the enterprise, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same for a short time, to complete the sale of all the tickets. Let none hesitate to buy tickets, for this is no New York humbug, but only gotten up to dispose of property, and that by good citizens of the county. On the day of the raffle the whole matter goes into the hands of the six commissioners selected by ticket-holders, and not interested in the raffle or in tickets, giving all an equal chance, though absent, of drawing a prize.

Agents must make returns by the 20th of December, or four days previous to the raffle.

Respectfully,
oct18-dtd H. K. HICKS & CO., Agents.

BEST SAWED SHINGLES & LATHS.

ALSO ALL

VARIETIES OF DRY

AND

FRAMING LUMBER,

CAN BE HAD AT

LANDSBERG'S

LUMBER YARD,

OPPOSITE GEORGIA RAILROAD DEPOT.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

oct9—dtf

PREMIUM CARRIAGES!

THE Carriages and Buggies which took the highest premiums at the late State Fair, are now in my Repository, on Broad street, and

FOR SALE.

I have also on hand a large number of Carriages and Buggies, manufactured by Kimball Brothers, of Boston, for whom I am agent. Also, a great variety of

My Own Manufacture.

Owing to the depressed price of cotton, and consequent scarcity of money, these vehicles will be sold

LOW FOR CASH.

I am also prepared to receive orders for work of any kind to be done either in my own shops, or by Kimball Bros., Boston. A. T. FINNEY,
nov11-d&w No. 5, Granite Block, Atlanta, Ga.

The Tournament.

AFTER due consideration of the matter in order to do full justice to all parties, the Committee of Arrangements, to whom the entire management of the whole matter was originally committed by Mr. H. I. Kimball, have decided to have the Tournament repeated. Accordingly the Knights who rode at the Tournament on the 22d of October, are requested to assemble at The H. I. Kimball House, in Atlanta, at 11 o'clock, A. M., Tuesday, November 22d, when they will elect the managers and judges of the Tournament, which will be ridden the day following, November 23.
By order of the Committee of Arrangements.
nov11-dtf W. D. COOK, Secretary.

GEORGIA, Milton County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, Milton County, Ga.

PARKER M. MEDFORD applies for exemption of personalty and valuation and setting apart of homestead, and I will pass upon the same on the 23d instant, at 12 o'clock M., at my office in Alpharetta.
Given under my hand and official signature, this 11th day of November, 1870. O. P. SKELTON,
nov13-d1tw2t Ordinary.

A GOOD CHANCE!

ON TUESDAY, the 6th of December next, before the Court-house door, at Albany, Ga., I will sell to the highest bidder, my Plantation in Lee county, Ga., situated 4½ miles from Wooten's Station, on the Southwestern Railroad, and two miles east of Starkville, adjoining the lands of Colonel Wm. A. Maxwell, John H. Pope and G. M. Stokes, containing 1,950 acres, more or less, of which 1,200 or more is open. There is a large framed gin house and screw on the place. The cabins, cribs, etc., are excellent. The dwelling house is of hewn logs, with four rooms.

Running streams in every field. On the place is the best mill site in all that section of country. This is known and acknowledged to be one of the very best places in Southwestern Georgia. No encumbrance on it whatever. Titles perfect.

The neighborhood is thickly settled and labor abundant. This is a rare opportunity to secure a fine plantation.

TERMS—Half cash; balance in twelve months with interest.

To a purchaser of the plantation, the mules, corn, fodder, etc., will be sold cheap.
nov13-dtf WALTER H. WEEMS.

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

MRS. DR. MASSEY'S PROPERTY.

ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, November 16th, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, we will sell five very handsome and desirable Residence Lots, as per plat, at our office.

This spot of ground is universally acknowledged one of the most beautiful in or around the city. Leaving Whitehall at Phil. Dodd's fine mansion, Windsor street leads direct to this property.

These Lots, we believe, occupy the

HIGHEST POINT

Of any in this part of the city.

Purchasers of these Lots may rely on a commanding view, pure water, pure atmosphere and a most excellent neighborhood.

Titles clear.

TERMS—One-half cash; balance in three months with interest.

Conveyances leave our office at 3 o'clock.
WALLACE & FOWLER,
nov13-d3t Real Estate Agents.

HOGANSVILLE

Male and Female Institute.

FACULTY:

GEORGE C. LOONEY, President and Professor of Mathematics and Physical Sciences.

MRS. C. D. CRAWLEY, Principal of Female Department, and teacher of Latin, Mathematics and Calisthenics.

C. A. KEY, A. M., Secretary and Professor of Latin, Greek and French.

Professor HENRY SCHOELLER, Principal of Musical Department, and teacher of German.

English branches taught thoroughly and practically by G. C. Looney, C. A. Key and Mrs. Crawley.

At this School, young ladies, as well as young gentlemen, will be educated physically, intellectually and morally.

No institution in the South shall surpass it in discipline, in comprehensive course of study, in the tact, experience and scholarship of its teachers, or in their willingness to labor for the advancement of their pupils.

One hundred and twenty dollars will cover the expense for Board and Tuition for the Spring Term, which commences on Monday, the 16th of January, 1871, and continues twenty-four weeks.

Music on Piano, Guitar, Violin, Harp, Organ, etc., (ten lessons per month) will cost $30 per term of twenty-four weeks.

Tuition fees must be paid in advance for the term. For further particulars address
GEORGE C. LOONEY,
nov4-tf Griffin, Ga.

WM. KETCHAM,

Auction and Commission Merchant,

NO. 98 BROAD STREET,

ROME..........GEORGIA.

Large and safe Storage for Furniture, Stoves and all sorts of Merchandise.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

N. B.—Quick Sales and Prompt Settlements.
oct25-d3m

Don't Read This!

[illegible]

A GOOD MAN Leaveth an INHERITANCE

UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

UNIVERSAL

Life Insurance Company,

—NEW YORK—

The Original Joint-Stock Life Insurance Company of the United States.

The business of this Company is EXCLUSIVELY confined to the Insurance of Lives.

The Distinctive Feature

Of the Stock system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the Mutual, is a low rate of premium for a specified sum insured, which is IMMEDIATE, in lieu of a high rate of premium with a promised dividend, which is DISTANT, contingent and UNCERTAIN; this so-called dividend being merely a return of a portion of the excessive and unnecessary premium charged in the first instance.

Illustration.

Suppose that an individual aged thirty determine to vote $200 a year for the purpose of effecting an insurance on his life; this amount will immediately secure in the UNIVERSAL, the sum of $11,751, payable at his decease. This sum, paid to a company charging the ordinary mutual rates, would secure [illegible] $8,474—a difference immediately secured, in favor of the UNIVERSAL, $3,277.

To illustrate the importance to the policy-holder of low premiums in more general terms, it may be stated that by a reduction of twenty-five per cent. in the rate of premium, the same amount of money will purchase a policy thirty-three and one-third per cent. greater. It is likewise true that a reduction of twenty-five per cent. in the rate of premium is precisely equivalent to an annual cash dividend of thirty-three and one-third per cent. payable in advance, or to a dividend of forty per cent. payable at the end of five years.

By the Stock plan the full cash effect of the reduction is immediately secured to the insured, the Company taking all the risk. By the Mutual plan the full value in insurance of the premium paid, is not secured to the policy-holder, who takes a portion of the risk himself.

The Premiums

Charged by the Universal are as low as the experience of insured life in this country will justify, and on ordinary Life and Ten-Year Non-forfeiting policies are nearly one-third lower than those charged by a majority of Mutual Companies.

Special attention is asked to our "Return Premium Plan," by which the amount of the policy is increased simply by the temporary deposit of the annual premiums, which are returned in full, together with the amount assured, to the holder of the policy when it shall become a claim upon the Company. Also to the

"REDUCTION PREMIUM PLAN"

By which a reduction of one-third is made in the premium after the first annual payment, being in fact, equivalent to a dividend of 33 1-3 per cent. A clause is inserted in the policies issued by the "Universal," in which these results are distinctly specified and guaranteed.

Full General Agents' Commission paid to good, live solicitors. Local Agents wanted in every town and county. Address:
LACHLAN H. McINTOSH,
General Agent.
J. W. SHACKLEFORD,
Manager Southern Department,
oct8— Atlanta, Georgia.

HOWARD & McKOY,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

—AND—

DEAELRS IN PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, &c.

Fine Wines and Liquors,

SEGARS AND TOBACCO.

Peachtree Street.

—:o:—

HAVING changed our business from Groceries to Drugs, we have the pleasure of informing our friends and the public generally, that we are now prepared to serve them in our new capacity.

Prescriptions carefully prepared at any hour in the day or night, by Experienced Clerks.
oct23-d1m HOWARD & McKOY.

A CARD.

—:o:—

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE NOW OFFERING their large stock of

HARDWARE,

Comprising everything usually kept in a first-class stock, and including a full line of

CARRIAGE, WAGON AND BUGGY MATERIAL,

All of which we are selling at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. We are also agents for the sale of

BRINLEY'S CELEBRATED PLOWS,

FAIRBANK'S STANDARD SCALES,

Atlanta Paper Mills,

WRAPPING AND PRINTING PAPER,

For which Mills we also pay the highest cash price for clean Cotton and Linen Rags.

Dupont's Rifle and Blasting Powder.

We respectfully invite our patrons and the public to inspect our stock, at the old stand, No. 77 Whitehall. oct26-d1m McNAUGHT, ORMOND & CO.

W. T. HOLDERNESS. R. S. DE PONT.

HOLDERNESS & Du PONT,

Real Estate Agents.

SPECIAL attention given to the Auction and Commission business; also, to Renting Real Estate in the city and Farms in the surrounding country, conveyancing, settling and collecting claims of every character.

OFFICE OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

ALABAMA STREET,

Atlanta..........Georgia.

Can give satisfactory city, Southern and Northern references. oct6-d6m

ANTI-PYROTIC,

—OR—

Great Fire-Killer!!

—:0:—

NO HUMBUG!

Certain, Sure, Reliable.

—:0:—

BY a recent discovery, we are enabled to offer the public a safe, certain and sure cure for

Burns, Scalds, Scald-Head,

Stings by Insects,

Tetter, Ring-Worm,

Piles, Sore Eyes and

Old Sores of Long Standing.

This preparation has been thoroughly tested in burns always insures almost instant relief, and never failed in a single instance.

We have in our possession a number of certificates showing the WONDERFUL CURES effected by this preparation, which never fails.

EVERY FAMILY

SHOULD HAVE A BOTTLE OF IT

READY FOR USE.

No one knows how soon a member of the family may need it.

It is a Georgia production and perfectly free from mineral poison.

☞ For Sale in Athens, at the Drug Stores of Dr. R. M. Smith & Co. and Dr. Wm. King, Jr., and in Atlanta by Pemberton, Taylor & Co.

Orders should be addressed to
JARRETT & MULKEY,
oct29-d&wtm Walton's Ford, Ga.

F. CORRA'S

Steam Saw Mill,

BARTOW CO., CARTERSVILLE, GA.

SAWED Shingles, Laths, Dressed Flooring, and all kinds of Dry Framing Lumber, of the best [illegible]

Extensive Mills

In for sale by
E. L. BELL & CO.,
Trout House [illegible]

GORDON, WILLIS & CO.,
At the Dollar Savings Bank.

JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE.

The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Georgia, November 15, 1870.

City Intelligence.

THE revival at the Mission Methodist Church, at the old Fair Grounds, still continues with unabated interest.

RALLY!—The friends of C. P. Cassin will rally to his support, Thursday night at Davis' Hall, 1st WARD.

THE Ticket put forth in this city on last Saturday, for Municipal and county officers, has been dubbed the "soap tail ticket."

EXCELLENT work is being done on Mitchell street, on Diamond Hill, near the Atlanta (colored) University.

PERSONAL.—Alexander Whilldin, Esq., the well known President of the American Life Insurance Company, of Philadelphia, is at the Kimball House for a few days.

THE WARDS.—There are many Wards in the city as the 1st Ward, 2nd Ward, 3rd Ward, but no Ward like the unequalled Irish comedian, JAMES M. WARD. Everybody rejoices at his performances.

GOOD TEMPLARS.—Floral Lodge No. 2, Good Templars, will meet at their new Hall, in the Powell building, on Peachtree street, next Thursday night.

WE are pleased to welcome back to his post, our genial and witty friend, Capt. W. D. Ellis the gentlemanly and accomplished local of the Intelligencer.

HURRY UP PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—Not a very great distance from Whitehall street, can be seen suspended on the side of a little shop, a plank with the words charcoaled on it, "Louse cotton wanted."

W. F. HERRING, Esq., of Augusta has recently erected at Covington, a palatial residence, supplied with all the conveniences and adornments, that refined taste might suggest. It is an ornament to that thriving town.

CHEERING.—Mr. P. C. Ingersoll, of Brooklyn, N. Y., has recently presented a fine Eureka Easy Chair, each to Benjamin B. Crew, President of Tallulah Fire Company, and Samuel A. Echols, of the Rural Southerner.

YOUNG MEN'S DEMOCRATIC CLUB OF ATLANTA AND FULTON COUNTY.—There will be held a meeting of this Club on this evening at 7½ o'clock, at the City Hall. Every Democrat in the city is earnestly requested to be present.

NEW PLATFORM.—We notice a new and convenient platform at the Macon depot, for receiving and shipping cotton. From the agents at the depot, we learn that a good deal of cotton is being shipped over the road, and that in every respect the road is doing a fine business at this time.

OUR indefatigable friend, Finney, shipped to the Montgomery Fair, yesterday, a no-top buggy of his manufacture, that received a $50 premium at the State Fair. We can assure our Alabama friends that the buggy sent is a fair sample of the durable and superior work of Finney.

A YOUNG lady, while on a visit to Atlanta last Friday, lost, between Mr. Price's shoe store on Peachtree street and the corner of Broad and Marietta streets, a black fur cape. The finder will confer a great favor by leaving it with the local editor of THE CONSTITUTION.

PRAISEWORTHY.—We heartily commend the labors of Miss E. L. Howard, in The Plantation, in the translation from the French of the lectures of George Ville on chemical manures. They are a valuable addition to that excellent periodical, and reflect great credit upon the youthful and accomplished translator. Such efforts should meet with liberal encouragement.

THERE are two Grubbs in this city. Samuel Grubb, the father, is the Radical nominee for Receiver of Tax Returns. Samuel W. Grubb, the son, State Printer, is on the soap tail ticket for Alderman in the Third Ward. He attended the Second Ward meeting, and was Secretary of the soap tail convention. It will be gratifying to know that S. W. was there.

Mr. Local: I would like to get some information concerning matters and things on the State Road. Can you tell who pays for three car loads of wood for Governor Bullock, three car loads for A. L. Harris, thrown off at the Rolling Mill, and a car load each for J. G. W. Mills and A. Pope? The wood was brought from above Tilton, where Messrs. Hinton, Hoyt and Brown furnish wood to the Road. This side of Tilton the wood is supplied by Democrats. ENQUIRER.

PLEASANT RECEPTION.—The members of Trinity Church, last night, paid their annual visit to the pastor, Rev. W. M. Crumley. The occasion was one of pleasure, and the heart of the pastor was made glad by the tokens of esteem and love that were manifested in a substantial manner by his congregation. We regret to learn that this is the last year that this eminent divine will preach in Atlanta. We hope that he may live long and enjoy many more such pleasant reunions as he enjoyed last night.

GOVERNOR BULLOCK's carriage driver Ed was thrown out of the carriage some four months ago and so severely injured that he has been a helpless invalid ever since. From what we can learn Ed. was a faithful servant. He applied, we understand, to Governor Bullock for help, and although suffering and in a pitiable condition, the Governor, who takes such great pity on convicted and unconvicted criminals as to pardon them, turns a deaf ear to the appeals of a faithful servant, and justifies his refusal by charging Ed. with drunkenness. Humanity would scorn to treat a faithful servant of any kind in this manner. But the burglar, murderer and robber excites his pity and commiseration—the faithful servant his neglect.

PRYOR STREET THEATER.—The audiences at this place of amusement are nightly increasing. A prettier and more attrative Boquet cannot be seen anywhere in November than the one with a face that smiles like the summer stars, as she dances over the stage at the above place. Miss Jassie Tremont, with her good voice, and her bursts of song and melody, is the most winning little vocalist on the stage.

With its new management; new company; excellent specialties; surcharged with fun; overflowing with popular songs; good dances; and its "business" irresistibly comical, agreeable and entertaining, nothing is left to be wished for in an evening's entertainment.

SATISFACTION.—A certain ruralist in this city, taking a fancy to rear a brood of fancy fowls, purchased a "settin' eggs" from an exhibitor at the Fair. Highly elated with the idea, he carefully placed the eggs in his voluminous coat pockets. Daintily picking his way through the crowd, tossing his ambrosial curs, a la milk maid, he counted his hatched chickens. On reaching the cars he carefully climbed in to find them as usual, crowded. Watching his chance, he saw an old gent leave his seat. Our gallant friend "went for it," insinuating himself in its capacious depths, utterly oblivious to the situation of eggs, etc. That seat "set him back" just five dollars and seventy-five cents, the cost of the eggs and the tailor's bill for cleansing the coat. How is that for settin' down?

VISIT TO NEWTON.—On Saturday we paid a flying visit to Newton County. At Covington, we found the merchants all busy and the cotton buyers active as bees, as high as 14¼c, for cotton being paid. Through the courtesy of the Mayor of Oxford, who kindly furnished his chariot and fine steed, and Prof. John L. Jones, an accomplished, polite and worthy gentleman, who accompanied us—we reached the magnificent mansion of Col. Enoch Steadman, three miles distant, at an early hour. While en route a loving couple in a buggy, just ahead of us, came near causing the high mettled horse we drove to run away. They were driving down hill, the side of the buggy on which the young Adonis sat, being elevated a little more than the side the lady sat on, caused him to careen over towards her, and as he did so, he snatched an ambrosial kiss. The noise was like the explosion of a percussion cap, and caused our horse to give a sudden start, but as it was not repeated, he became calm.

We found Colonel Steadman at home, and were politely shown around his grounds and factories. His residence is on a lofty eminence rising abruptly from Yellow River, and giving a fine view of the river, buildings and farm. Here Colonel S. and his amiable lady dispenses hospitality to their guests with a cordiality that cheers every guest, and makes them feel perfectly at home. Colonel S. has some forty-six hundred acres of land stretching along Yellow River for some six miles. On the right bank of the river he has a large cotton factory, saw-mill and grist-mill, and on the left, a large cotton gin. The river here is some ninety feet wide, and there is a fall in one place of forty feet and in another of twenty-two feet. In a visit to the factory we saw Colonel S.'s theory of manufacturing cotton on the spot carried into practical effect. The hands came with the cotton just picked from the fields to the gin. The cotton was immediately ginned and carried to the factory, where, after being cleansed and doubled four hundred and eighty times, it was turned out as yarn and shipped the same day to market. Here was a clear saving in bagging, baling, pressing, etc., of over three dollars per bale. The money is more equally distributed by this process at home. The factory has some 2,000 spindles and employs about 110 operatives. The water facilities here are capable of affording motive power to 130,000 spindles, and we hope, at no distant day, to see this a second Lowell. The grist mill turns out excellent flour, and has the capacity for grinding 300 bushels per day. Colonel Steadman has 250 acres in cotton and ten acres in goobers. He is manufacturing a manure of cotton seed, crushed bones, salt and plaster, which has demonstrated its superiority over others in his own fields. This fertilizer can be made for $40 per ton, which is a great desideratum to planters.

The mills are painted with a paint made from an ochre iron rock in the neighborhood. Colonel Steadman believes in progress and improvement. He has on his place the finest Chester white hogs, and the finest [illegible] bull, in the country. He is a warm advocate for manufacturing the cotton at home, and spending the money received for it among those who made it. [illegible]

The Rural Southerner for November has been on our table for several days, containing valuable original and selected matter, and printed by the Economical Printing office in superior style. The Southerner is valuable for the farmer and planter, and should find its way to every farm. The success attained by this journal is a striking proof of what vim and energy can do, and the proprietor is to be congratulated for accomplishing so much, instead of waiting for something to turn up. Mr. Beck, the editor, though rather flowery and poetical, yet has a strong penchant for bacon and greens, hog and hominy, and other solid comforts, and adds increased brilliancy to the Southerner. That paper lacks but two things—competent associates and help-meets for the proprietor and editor, to insure more permanent success and rapid increase.

Local and Business Notices.

A FAVORABLE NOTORIETY.—The good reputation and extended use of "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" for Coughs, Colds, and Throat Diseases has caused the Troches to be extensively imitated. Obtain only the *genuine* "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not be influenced by those who make more profit by selling worthless imitations. nov. 15-d1t.

OFFICE A. AND G., AND M. AND B. RAILROAD, ATLANTA, GA., Nov. 12, 1870.—Messrs. Editors: I find a report has been circulated here to the prejudice of the line I represent, viz: that we were blocked at Savannah, and could not forward cotton promptly, and that a large quantity of Atlanta cotton was waiting for ship. The object of such reports is apparent. The following dispatch speaks for itself:

"SAVANNAH, GA., Nov. 11, 1870.

"*G. T. Anderson, Agent:*

"Reports from Charleston utterly false. Assure shippers that there has not been any block here, and we have made arrangements so that there shall not be, no matter how many bales we may receive.

"Signed "JOHN L. ROUMILLAT,
"Forwarding Agent."

We have extra steamers ready for all emergencies, and all we ask is a *fair fight and no favors.*

G. T. ANDERSON,
General Western Agent,
A. and G., M. and B. Railroad.

nov13-d2t.

GO TO Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, for anything you want in the drug line. You will get it cheaper than at any other house in the city. july10-d1y

WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND.—To relieve the aching heart of woman and bring joy where sorrow reigned supreme, is a mission before which the smiles of kings dwindle into utter insignificance. To do this is the peculiar province of Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator; which, from the numberless cures it has accomplished, is appropriately styled Woman's Best Friend. The distressing complaint known as "whites," and the various irregularities of the womb, to which woman is subject, disappear like magic before a single bottle of this wonderful compound. It is prepared by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga., and sold at $1.50 per bottle by respectable drugmen everywhere. Physicians prescribe it. Its action is prompt, sure and decisive. nov5-tf

A CARD TO SENSIBLE PEOPLE.—Rational reader, if the aspect of the weather was uncertain, you would not be foolish enough to venture out without an overcoat or an umbrella. Have the forecast, then, to protect yourself at this dangerous season with something more important than either of these articles. Strengthen your stomach and nervous system; regulate your liver and your bowels, tone all your organs and cheer your animal spirits with that agreeable cordial, tonic and alterative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. So shall you surely escape the diseases which fasten upon the feeble and debilitated. "Suffer and be strong," says the proverb; but "be strong that you may not suffer," is the wiser maxim. And of all strengthening preparations this is the safest, the surest, the most genial. As a remedy, as well as an antidote, for dyspepsia, fever and ague, and liver diseases, there is no combination of vegetable specifics at present known which even approaches it in efficacy.

Anticipate the enemy. The elements of innumerable diseases are afloat in the raw, damp, mephitic winter air. Will you defend yourself against them or not, good reader? That is the question. A bottle or two of the great defensive medicine of the age, Hostetter's Bitters, will so strengthen and brace up your bodily powers as to enable them to "laugh a siege to scorn." The morbid matter which was inhaled in perspiration through your pores in summer, finds no such free egress now. A powerful counteracting agent is therefore needed, and you have it in Hostetter's Bitters. They neutralize the *materies morbi* from which disease originates, and regulate all the secretive organs. Nothing can be more harmless or more healthful—nothing so potent to prevent or cure biliousness, dyspepsia, fever and ague, constipation and general debility, as this wonderful corrective. nov12-d1w&w1t

THE word "Sozodont," which is fast becoming a household word, is derived from the Greek, and composed of two words, Sozo and Odontes. "Sozo," translated, means to preserve, and "odontes," the teeth. Sozodont, a preserver of the teeth; and it is true to its name.

"Spalding's Glue" will mend your ways, or anything else that needs mending. nov11-deod1w

LIPPMAN's Great German Bitters strengthen the consumptive. oct29-deod4w&w4t

LIPPMAN'S Great German Bitters, an old German Tonic. oct29-deod4w&w4t

TO AFFORD those of our citizens an opportunity of visiting the Alabama State Fair, commencing at Montgomery, November 15th, arrangements have been made to issue through tickets. Passengers and freight for the Fair will be transported for one fare. Arrangements have also been made to issue through tickets from all important points. nov12-d3t

LIPPMAN's Great German Bitters, an old German Tonic. oct29-deod4w&w4t

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Ky., has been thoroughly refitted and refurnished. nov11-d1w

"Barrett's" Hair Restorative.

LIPPMAN's Great German Bitters strengthen the debilitated. oct-29-deod4w&4t

MRS. A. TURNER, Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga., desires to inform her friends and the public, that she will sell out her entire stock of Fancy Goods, Trimmings, etc., at greatly reduced prices. Some at, and many below cost, to close business. Her stock is complete, particularly in the line of Ornamental Hair Work, Hair Jewelry, etc., which she will continue in future at her private residence.

A complete assortment of Zepher Worsted; also, embroidery materials can be found at her store. nov1-d1m

LIPPMAN's Great German Bitters, the most delightful and effective in the world. oct29-deod4w&w4t

"Barrett's" cheapest, purest, best.

LIPPMAN's Great German Bitters, the most delightful and effective in the world. oct29-deod4w&w4t

The refined use "Barrett's."

THE PLACE TO BUY FURS.—Largest stock Ladies' and Misses' Furs, selected by myself, are now on sale at my Variety Store, Decatur street, opposite City Park.
oct18-tf. MRS J. FRANK.

Competitors don't like "Barrett's."

"Barrett's" too much for them. nov11-d1w

IF YOU want White Rock Potash, Concentrated Lye, Cheap Soap, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

LADIES' ready made Traveling, Walking, and Shawl Suits, at
oct18dtf MRS. J. FRANK'S.

IF YOU want Soda, Cream Tartar, Black Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Nutmegs, Mace, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

IF YOU want pure Drugs go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

FORTY Barrels Cherry Brandy just received at Kenny's Chicago Ale Depot, on Pryor street. july6-dtf

GO to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, and get the best Lubricating Oil that is made for fine machinery. july10-d1y

IF YOU want Window Glass, Pure Lead, Linseed Oil, Putty, or anything in the paint line, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

[illegible]

An Act to Provide for an Election, and to Alter and Amend the Laws in Relation to the Holding of Elections.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly of Georgia hereby enacts, That an election shall be held in this State, beginning on the 20th day of December, 1870, and ending on the 22d of said month of December, 1870, for members of Congress to serve during the unexpired term of the Forty-first Congress of the United States, and for members of the Forty-second Congress; for Senators in the State Senate from each District numbered in the Constitution with an odd number; for members of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly; for Sheriffs, Clerks of the Superior Court, Tax Receivers, and Tax Collectors, County Treasurers, Coroners, and County Surveyors, of the several counties of this State.

Sec. 2. That the said election shall commence on the said 20th day of December, and continue between the hours now fixed by law, for three separate days.

Sec. 3. That said election shall be manged and superintended at the several court houses at the county seat, and at any election precinct that may exist or be established in any incorporated and organized city or town, by managers chosen as follows:

Sec. 4. And it shall be the duty of the Governor of the State, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, as soon after the passage of this act as possible, to appoint three, and the Ordinary of each county two fit and proper persons, of intelligence and moral worth, for each election precinct established at the county court house, or in any city or incorporated town in this State; and said five persons, or any three or more of them may and shall hold the election at said court house and precincts in such city or town.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the Governor to cause the said appointees to be duly notified of their several appointments as aforesaid; and it shall be the duty of said appointees to appear at the said court house, and at said precincts in said city or town, on the days fixed by this act, for the said election, within the hours heretofore prescribed by law and hold said elections.

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of the Governor to furnish each of the Judges of the Superior Courts with a list of said appointees in the several counties of the respective circuits, and at the next term of said courts in each county, after the said election, it shall be the duty of the Judge to inform himself if said appointees have appeared as required by this act and held the said election, and if any such appointees have failed to appear, and the absence of his signature to the returns shall be *prima facie* evidence of such failure, it shall be the duty of the said Judge to forthwith fine any such appointee one hundred dollars: Provided, That said fine may be remitted on said appointee satisfying said Judge that his failure so to attend was caused by severe sickness, or other unavoidable cause, or that he was legally disqualified from serving: And provided, further, That said appointees shall each of them be citizens of the country for which they are appointed and voters of the same.

Sec. 7. In addition to the duties now prescribed by law for the managers of elections, it shall be the duty of said managers to preserve order at and near the polls, but they shall have no power to refuse ballots of any male person of apparent full age, a resident of the county, who has not previously voted at the said election.

Sec. 8. They shall not be permitted to challenge any vote, or hinder, or delay, or interfere with any other person in the free and speedy casting of his ballot.

Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of said managers to prevent all rioting, disturbances and crowding at or near the polls, and to secure this end, it shall be their duty to prevent more than one person, and he only while voting, approaching or remaining within fifteen feet of the place of receiving ballots; and the said managers may, if they see fit, require that persons desiring to vote shall form themselves into a line, and when a line is thus formed, said managers shall prevent any person not in the line from approaching the polling place nearer than fifty feet; but in no case shall more than one voter, at any time, be permitted to approach the polls nearer than fifteen feet.

Sec. 12. It shall be the duty of said managers to receive each ballot and deposit the same in a ballot-box, and it shall not be lawful for either of them, or for any clerk to open any closed ballot until the polls are closed and the counting of the votes commenced.

Sec. 13. It shall be the duty of said managers to prevent any person, except themselves and the three clerks by them to be appointed and sworn, to remain in the room when the ballots are received so near the ballot-box or the polling place as to examine the tickets or to handle any ticket, and they shall have the same power to enforce this as other duties herein cast upon them.

Sec. 14. The said managers may select three competent persons to act as clerks in keeping the list of voters and tally sheets, but said clerks shall not be permitted to handle any ballot or examine the same.

Sec. 15. One of said managers shall receive the ballot from the voters and hand them to a second, who shall deposit the same in the box, and at no time shall any vote be received unless there be at least three of said managers present.

Sec. 16. Said managers, clerks and officers, except police officers actually on duty, shall receive from the county treasurer three dollars for each day's duty at said election.

Sec. 17. It shall be in the power of said managers, or any three of them, to fine any sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal or police officer, not more than one hundred dollars, as for contempt, if he fail to obey any lawful order of said managers, or either of them, for the enforcement of the law, for keeping the peace, preserving order, and protecting the freedom of election on the day of the election.

Sec. 18. Said managers shall shall each of them take the following oath: "I do swear that I will faithfully, fully, and impartially hold the present election; I will prevent no person from voting who is of apparent age, a resident of the county, and who has not previously voted at this election; I will not open any closed ticket until the polls have been closed, nor will I divulge for whom any person voted, unless called upon by some legal tribune; I will permit no one to challenge, delay or hinder any voter from the free and speedy casting of his ballot; I will, in good faith to the best of my ability, endeavor to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and the other laws for holding elections; I will make a fair, correct, and honest and impartial return of the result of the election. So help me God."

[Any manager may administer this oath to the others.]

Sec. 19. Nothing in this act prohibiting challenges at the polls shall be construed to authorize any one to vote who is not under the Constitution, a qualified voter in the county of the election; but all persons not duly qualified to vote are, and shall continue to be, subject to all the pains and penalties fixed by law in case they vote illegally.

Sec. 20. Each of the clerks of the said clerks shall be sworn fairly, impartially and truthfully, to keep the list of voters, and fairly and honestly to keep the tally sheet at said election.

Sec. 21. It shall be the duty of the Ordinaries of the several counties of this State to furnish stationery for the purpose of said election, and also to have ready, and furnish for each of the sets of managers provided for by this act, a ballot box sufficiently large to hold the ballots likely to be cast at said polling place—said ballot box to be made so that it cannot be opened without serious damage to the box on all sides except one, and on that side to have a movable lid with the opening therein sufficiently large to admit the pushing in of the ballots one by one said; lid to be so constructed as that it may slide into grooves in the box, and have a lock thereto; and it shall be the duty of the managers to open and examine said box at the opening of the polls and then to lock the same; and at the close of the polls on each day it shall be the duty of each manager to put upon said lid a strip of paper with his name thereon, and affix the same by adhesion to the lid and box, so that the box cannot be opened without the rupture of said paper; and this being done, the box shall, for the night, be entrusted to the keeping of one of the managers, and another of the managers shall take the key; and it shall be the duty of such managers entrusted with said box or key to permit no one to tamper in any way with the same; and if such tampering be done, the manager entrusted with the same shall be deemed prima facie guilty of having done the same, and on conviction, shall be punished as provided in section 4468 of the Revised Code, for the punishment of misdemeanors.

Sec. 22. An election manager or clerk or other officer on duty in the holding of any election, who shall be guilty of any fraudulent practice in changing any ballot or in using any trick or device by which any false return is made, or any ballot-box is tampered with, or who shall in any way be guilty of any false or fraudulent practice or act by which any vote actually cast is not fairly counted and returned, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished as provided in section 4468 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 23. All laws militating against or in consistent with this act, are hereby repealed, but all other laws not militant or inconsistent therewith, are hereby declared of force, and to be obeyed by said managers.

Approved October 3, 1870.

ADDRESS R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, New York, and get a pamphlet on catarrh free, or send sixty cents and get Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Five hundred dollars reward is offered by the proprietor for a case of catarrh which he cannot cure. [illegible]
nov6-deod&w4wpd

Troy Female Seminary.

THIS INSTITUTION offers the accumulated advantages of over fifty years of successful operation.

Every facility is provided for a thorough course of useful and ornamental education, under the direction of more than twenty professors and teachers.

For circulars apply to
JOHN H. WILLARD,
Troy, New York.
aug8-d1m

Novels.

SEVERAL hundred Second-Hand NOVELS for sale, very cheap, by
[illegible] DOZIER,
nov10-d3t at Post-office News Depot.

Important to Planters.

AS the season for sowing wheat is at hand, we call the attention of Planters to the fact that we have on hand a supply of that well known and popular Fertilizer, the Soluble Pacific Guano, which every farmer will find to his interest to use it at the rate of 200 pounds to the acre.

Call at our office and get certificates of its merits.

Truly yours,
nov10-d1m ADAIR & BRO.

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my entire interest in my business, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets, I cheerfully recommend my successor, Mr. W. P. Chisolm, to my former patrons.

Respectfully,
F. M. JACK.

Having purchased the large and extensive stock of F. M. Jack, will continue the business in all its branches. Great inducements will be offered each customers, who are cordially invited to call and examine my stock and prices, desiring a liberal share of the public patronage.

I am respectfully,
W. P. CHISOLM.
Atlanta November, 8, 1870. nov9-d3t

W. L. MARTIN,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
TENNESSEE PRODUCE,
Powell's Block, Peachtree Street,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

ALSO, Agent for the purchase and sale of Real Estate. Having been engaged in this business for the last Fifteen Years, he flatters himself that entire satisfaction will be given to all who entrusts their business to his care. Renting a specialty.

References—Messrs. W. W. Young, W. C. Moore, of Moore & Moore, and W. M. & R. J. Lowry.
Atlanta, Ga., November 8th, 1870. nov10-d1m

NOTICE.

ALL claims for labor on the H. I. Kimball House are being audited, and will be paid on the 12th of November.
nov8-tf J. C. PECK, Superintendent.

Notice!

WE have opened a Fresh Meat House on east side Peachtree street, opposite the Powell new building. We keep on hand choice Beef, Mutton, Hogs, Sausages, etc., etc.

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Fresh Meats. MILLER & LYONS.
nov8-d1m

W. W. HANLY & Co.,

Importers Teas,

CINCINNATI.

RECEIVE their supplies direct from China, and Japan, by Steamer and Rail—offering lower prices and fresher goods than any other market east of Rocky Mountains. Orders respectfully solicited.
oct11-1m

Wide Awake! Wide Awake!

TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions to order. If you want Patent Leather, Cork-soles, Box-toed, Water-proof, Light-stitch or Pumps of the finest French Calf Skin, we can furnish them to you at short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the finest English Sole Leather, and Fancy Gaiters of all descriptions made for gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and see us at our Shop, Pryor Street, in front of the Theater, if you want the finest and best fitting Boots in the city.

WANTED—Five first-class Boot-Makers. None others need apply. C. HUGHES & SON.
jan28-d1y

Hay! Hay! Hay!

500 TONS CHOICE BRIGHT HAY READY FOR shipment.

Callahan & Son,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
HAY, CORN, OATS, FLOUR,
OFFAL AND FEED OF ALL KINDS,
Groceries, Produce and Provisions, Lime, Cement and Plaster,
CORNER OF NINTH AND BROADWAY,
Louisville .... Kentucky.
oct5-d3m

GEN. A. H. COLQUITT. | JAMES BAGGS. | H. B. COLQUITT.

Colquitt & Baggs,

COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
BAY STREET,
Savannah .... Georgia.
sep30—dtf

G. W. PORTER. J. T. M'CONNELL.

Porter & McConnell,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
BACON, LARD, FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY,
Lime, Plaster, Cement, etc.,
NO. 5 BROAD STREET, ROME, GEORGIA.
Consignments and orders solicited.
oct2 d3m

James Kennedy,

MERCHANT MILLER,
6th Street, Louisville, Kentucky.

FLOUR of all grades always on hand, and furnished at the lowest prices. oct11-d1y&woamly

Mitchell & Williford,

COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

OFFER their services to their old friends and the cotton public for the storage and sale of cotton on commission. All consignments entrusted to their care will receive the strictest attention, and every effort made to give satisfaction. The usual cash facilities furnished. They may be found at the old stand of A. W. Mitchell & Brother.

W. A. MITCHELL,
oct6d1m W. J. WILLIFORD.

BRICKS FOR SALE.

I HAVE Two hundred thousand good average BRICKS, at my yard in West End, which I will sell reasonably, for cash, if called for soon.
aug30-dtf JULIUS GLATZ.

WANTED.

A FIRST-CLASS TINNER, to work at Fort Valley, Georgia, steady employment, and good wages paid. Address J. F. MADDOX,
oct25-dtf Fort Valley, Ga.

DR. W. G. OWEN,

OFFICE over Messrs. Alexander & Sons' Hardware Store, Whitehall street. At night can be found at the residence of Rev. J. E. Godfrey, junction of Whitehall and Forsyth streets.
oct18-d1m.

AN IMPROVED

Double School Desk, for $3,00,

Combination Style.

WE are manufacturing the DESK of style represented in cut for $4 50 to $5 25, according to size.

We have reduced prices on our Patent Desks

TWENTY PER CENT.

Globes and School Merchandise at low st prices
Send for Circular and Price List.
WATERS, MONTEITH & CO.,
oct21-d3w&w3w Chattanooga, Tenn.

FOR SALE.

The Midway Railroad House.

I AM now offering for sale the MIDWAY RAILROAD HOUSE, in Adairsville, Bartow county, Georgia. It is situated on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, (thirty feet of the track,) midway between Atlanta and Chattanooga, and was formerly patronized extensively by the railroad. Is built of the best material, three stories high, twenty-four large rooms, an excellent store-room, and all the conveniences necessary to conduct a No. 1 Hotel.

Adairsville is a thriving town, located in Oothcaloga Valley, and surrounded by some of the finest lands in the State, good schools, good society, and a more healthy place cannot be found.

Terms to suit purchasers. For further particulars call on or address J. C. AYCOCK,
oct18-dtf Adairsville, Georgia.

MESSRS. WM. ERSKINE & CO.,

OFFER special inducements in Irish and Scotch Linens, Table Oil Cloths, and Window Shades. We are direct importers of these goods and supply the wholesale and retail trade at reasonable prices. An inspection of our stock is respectfully solicited, and a note should be taken of our moderate charges.

WM. ERSKINE & CO.,
oct30-1m 75 Whitehall Street.

PARIS MILLINERY.

[illegible]

MRS. E. E. [illegible]

WILL open a Splendid Assortment of PARIS MILLINERY, [illegible] She respectfully invites

THE LADIES OF ATLANTA

And surrounding country to call and examine her [illegible]

[illegible]

M. O. MARKHAM,

Dealer in

BOOTS AND SHOES,

EMPIRE BLOCK, WHITEHALL STREET.

Fine Custom Goods a Specialty!

nov5-d3m

Atlanta Advertisements.

CALL AND SEE.

THE thousand and one novel and elegant articles just added (by the personal selection of Mr. Crew) to our stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY
—AND—
Miscellaneous Articles.

Among these may be found
Richly Bound Family and Pocket Bibles,
Elegant Editions of the Poets,
Rare Gift-Books, Writing Desks,
Work Boxes, Traveling Companions—new styles, and of all prices.

French and American

Fancy Stationery, Undine, Rosetint and Antique Styles. Wedding Stationery, Initial Paper.

ALSO,

Knabe & Co.'s unrivaled Pianos, Mason & Hamlin new Resonant Cab. Organ, Musical Instruments of all kinds. The latest

CHARMS AND NOVELTIES

Too numerous to give in detail.

Remember our New Store, corner of Marietta and Peachtree streets.
oct19-d1m PHILLIPS & CREW.

ESTABLISHED IN 1850.

LAWSHE & HAYNES,

No. 50, Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have just received the Finest, Largest, and most complete Stock of

JEWELRY

Ever offered in Atlanta. Consisting of
WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
JEWELRY,
DIAMONDS,
SILVER AND
SILVER-PLATED
WARE!

And everything else to be found in a First-Class

Jewelry Establishment.

Also, the Finest Lot of

GOLD HEADED CANES

Ever brought to Atlanta.

In addition to the above, they keep on hand a full assortment of

WATCH MAKERS' TOOLS, MATERIAL,

Etc., which they offer at Low Prices.

Watches and Jewelry

Carefully repaired by competent workmen, and satisfaction guaranteed. All kinds of Engraving done by a Skillful Artist at short notice. They have for sale the celebrated

STEM AND KEY WINDING WATCH,

From $30 to $500 Dollars. Manufactured by the United States Watch Company, equal to any Watch in the World. oct12-d3m

JOHN A. STALEY,

REAL ESTATE AGENT AND AUCTIONEER,

Jones' Block,

Whitehall Street, - - Atlanta, Georgia,

WILL sell all kinds of Real Estate and Personal Property of every description, at private sale or at auction. Prompt returns will be made.

REFERENCES—Rev. Wm. M. Crumley, Jno. M. Clark, Esq., Rev. Jas. E. Godfrey, Jas. M. Calhoun, Esq. oct25-d1m

THE AMERICAN COOKING STOVE

WAS AWARDED THE

PREMIUM

At the Second Grand

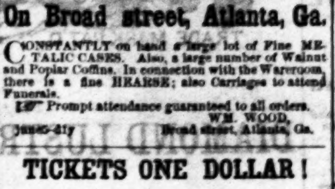
STATE FAIR OF GEORGIA,

After an actual test.

EVERY STOVE GUARANTEED.

For sale by
W. L. WADSWORTH & CO.
oct23-d1m&w1m Atlanta, Ga.

Fine Coffin Warerooms.



On Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

CONSTANTLY on hand a large lot of Fine METALIC CASES. Also, a large number of Walnut and Poplar Coffins. In connection with the Wareroom, there is a fine HEARSE; also Carriages to attend Funerals.

☞ Prompt attendance guaranteed to all orders.

WM. WOOD,
jan25-d1y Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR!

Every Prize Guaranteed.

NO HUMBUG!

GRAND RAFFLE

AND SALE WILL COME OFF IN

Ringgold, Ga.,

On the 10th day of January next.

$10,000.

B. C. YATES' Large Two-story Brick Store House and Dwelling, in Ringgold, Georgia. Cost of said house and Furniture belonging to the Store Six ($6,000) Thousand Dollars, being the

Capital Prize!

All the other Prizes will be $10, $25, $50, and $100 Prizes, consisting of all kinds of goods usually kept in a first-class Dry Goods Store.

Plan of Raffle.

There will be 12,000 Tickets issued and sold, 2,000 of which are Premiums.

I will give $200 to the person selling the largest number of tickets, as soon as sold.

$150 to the person selling the next largest number of tickets.

$50 to the person selling the next largest number of tickets.

$25 to the person selling the next largest number of tickets.

I will give the lady selling the largest number of tickets a Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine.

Every person selling ten tickets will be entitled to the eleventh one.

On the 10th day of January, 1871, there will be six dice thrown three times, from the same box, by six Sworn Commissioners, for every ticket, and placing the number thrown opposite each name, the highest number thrown will be entitled to the highest prize, and so on. Should there be a tie between the contestants, another throw will determine the fortunate one.

Perfect titles made.

Prizes forwarded and premiums paid immediately after the Raffle.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE, with Postoffice, County and State.

Send for Circulars and Tickets.

[illegible]

B. C. YATES,
Ringgold, Ga.

[illegible]

50 Barrels Kerosene Oil For Sale!

GUARANTEED to stand fire test of one hundred [illegible]

Patent Medicines.

Old Carolina Bitters.

A DELIGHTFUL TONIC.

We take great pleasure in offering the

OLD CARONINA BITTERS

To the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS

Will be found invaluable for
Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot,
GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO.,
Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals,
jan19-d1y Charleston, S. C.

WHY IS IT [illegible] under the age of five years, a large proportion of children die under that age, has long been a subject of remark, and without a satisfactory cause ascertained, it is certain.

Also, it is known that worms exist in the human system from its earliest infancy; therefore parents, especially mothers, who are more constantly with their children, cannot be too observing of the first symptoms of worms; for so surely as they exist, can they be safely and as certainly removed from the most Delicate Infant, by the timely use of

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

It is perfectly harmless, contains no Mercury, being a purely Vegetable Composition, and may be administered with the utmost safety to children of all ages. Worm Confections, made more for the purpose of pleasing the palate than of overcoming the disease, have been manufactured all over the country, but their short lease of life is nearly exhausted, and B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge continues to grow in favor daily.

CAUTION.

Should occasion require you to purchase B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, be particularly careful to see that the initials are B. A. This is the article that has been so

FAVORABLY KNOWN SINCE 1829,

And purchasers must insist on having it, if they do not wish to have an imitation forced upon them.

Swartz & Haslett,

FORMERLY

B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S, SON & CO.,
Sole Proprietors, Pittsburgh, Pa.
dec9-deod&w1y

$10,000 Guarantee.

BUCK LEAD Excels all other LEAD!

1st. For its [illegible]
2d. For its [illegible]
3d. For [illegible]
Lastly for its [illegible]

☞ IT COSTS LESS [illegible] any other White Lead [illegible]. The [illegible] covers more surface, is [illegible] Work.

BUCK LEAD, is the [illegible]

$10,000 G[illegible]

BUCK ZINC

1st. For its Unequaled Durability.
2d. For its Unrivaled Whiteness.
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering [illegible]
Lastly, for its Great Economy,

Being the Cheapest, Handsomest, and most Durable White Paint in the world.

BUY ONLY

The Buck Lead and Zinc.

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers

Buck Cottage Colors,

Prepared expressly for Painting Cottages, Outbuildings of every description, Fences, etc. Thirty-five different colors, Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful Shades.

Sample cards sent by mail if desired.

Dealers' Orders will be promptly executed by the manufacturers.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,
N. W. Corner Tenth and Market Streets,
Philadelphia.

For sale by PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
feb23-d1y Atlanta, Ga.

Pensacola, Fla.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY

For Investment.

The Pensacola city Company.

WILL offer for sale, in Pensacola, Florida, at Public Auction,

Thursday, November 15th, 1870,

And on subsequent days, a large number of choice City Lots, most eligibly located, for both

Business and for Residences.

Water Front

To channel, secured for Wharf and Commercial Privileges.

No opening in the South offers the same advantages for investment and trade with a Harbor unrivaled on the Gulf, with interior communication by rail, now established, and every day improving, with commerce offering in all directions; nothing is required to make Pensacola the principal seat of

GULF TRADE

But intelligent enterprise and prudent use of Capital. No Gulf City can boast a climate so pleasant and so healthy. E. A. MAXWELL, President.
oct29-d[illegible]

POSTPONED!

$6,000

For One Dollar.

$30,000 WORTH OF

REAL ESTATE

AND PERSONAL PROPERTY TO BE

RAFFLED

FOR, AT CALHOUN, GEORGIA,

DECEMBER 20th, 1870.

EVERY TICKET GUARANTEED A PRIZE.

Raffle Conducted by Six Sworn Commissioners.

AGENTS WANTED.—To whom a liberal commission will be given. [illegible]

L. H. Bradfield's Column.

Dr. John Bull's

Great Remedies.

DR. JOHN BULL,

Manufacturer and Vendor of the Celebrated

Smith's Tonic Syrup,

FOR THE CURE OF

Ague and Fever,

—OR—

Chills and Fever.

THE Proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southwestern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion, that in no case whatever will it fail to cure, if the directions are strictly carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller does for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long standing cases. Usually, this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order; should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

JOHN BULL'S Principal Office,
No. 40 Fifth Cross Street,
Louisville, Kentucky.

Bull's Worm Destroyer.

To my United States and World-wide Readers.

I have received many testimonials from professional and medical men, as my Almanacs and various publications have shown, all of which are genuine. The following letter, from a highly educated and popular physician in Georgia, is certainly one of the most sensible communications I have ever received. Dr. Clement knows exactly what he speaks of, and his testimony deserves to be written in letters of gold. Hear what the Doctor says of Bull's Worm Destroyer:

VALLANOW, Walker County, Ga., June 29, 1869.

DR. JOHN BULL:

DEAR SIR—I haven recently given your "Worm Destroyer" several trials, and find it wonderfully efficacious. It has not failed in a single instance to have the wished for effect. I am doing a pretty large country practice, and have daily use for some article of the kind. I am free to confess that I know of no remedy recommended by the ablest authors that is so certain and speedy in its effects. On the contrary, they are uncertain in the extreme. My object in writing you is to find out upon what terms I can get the medicine direct from you. If I can get it upon easy terms, I shall use a great deal of it. I am aware that the use of such articles is contrary to the teachings and practice of a great majority of the regular line M. D.'s but I see no just cause or good sense in discarding a remedy which we know to be efficient, simply because we may be ignorant of its combination. For my part, I shall make it a rule to use all and any means to alleviate suffering humanity which I may be able to command—not hesitating because some one more ingenious than myself may have learned its effects first, and secured the sole right to secure that knowledge. However, I am by no means an advocate or supporter of the thousands of worthless nostrums that flood the country, that purport to cure all manner of disease to which human flesh is heir. Please reply soon, and inform me of your best terms. I am, sir, most respectfully,

JULIUS P. CLEMENT, M. D.

BULL'S

SARSAPARILLA.

—

A GOOD REASON FOR THE CAPTAIN'S FAITH.

READ THE CAPTAIN'S LETTER AND THE LETTER FROM HIS MOTHER.

BENTON BARRACKS, Mo., April 30, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Knowing the efficiency of your Sarsaparilla, and the healing and beneficial qualities it possesses, I send you the following statement of my case.

I was wounded two years ago—was taken prisoner and confined for sixteen months. Being moved so often, my wounds have not healed yet. I have not set up a moment since I was wounded. I am shot through the hips. My general health is impaired, and I need something to assist nature. I have more faith in your Sarsaparilla than in anything else. I wish that that is genuine. Please express me half a dozen bottles, and oblige,

CAPT. C. P. JOHNSON,
St. Louis, Mo.

P. S.—The following was written April 30, 1866, by Mrs. Jennie Johnson, mother of Captain Johnson:

DR. BULL—Dear Sir: My husband, Dr. C. S. Johnson, was a skillful surgeon and physician in Central New York, where he died, leaving the above C. P. Johnson to my care. At thirteen years of age he had a chronic diarrhœa and scrofula, for which I gave him your Sarsaparilla. IT CURED HIM. I have for ten years recommended it to many in New York, Ohio and Iowa, for scrofula, fever sores and general debility. Perfect success has attended it. The cures effected in some cases of scrofula and fever sores were almost miraculous. I am very anxious for my son to again have recourse to your Sarsaparilla. He is fearful of getting a spurious article, hence his writing to you for it. His wounds were terrible but I believe he will recover.

Respectfully,
JENNIE JOHNSON.

BULL'S

Cedron Bitters.

AUTHENTIC DOCUMENTS.

ARKANSAS HEARD FROM.

Testimony of Medical Men.

STONEY POINT, WHITE CO., ARK., May 23, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Last February I was in Louisville purchasing drugs, and I got some of your Sarsaparilla and Cedron Bitters.

My son-in-law, who was with me in the store, has been down with rheumatism for some time, commenced on the Bitters, and soon found his general health improved.

Dr. Gist, who has been in bad health, tried them, and he also improved.

Dr. Coffin, who has been in bad health for several years—stomach and liver affected—he improved very much by the use of your Bitters. Indeed, the Cedron Bitters has given you great popularity in this settlement. I think I could sell a great quantity of your medicines this fall, especially of your Cedron Bitters and Sarsaparilla. Ship me via Memphis, care Hickett & Neely.

Respectfully,
C. B. WALKER.

All the above remedies for sale by

L. H. BRADFIELD,

DRUGGIST.

I. L. FALK & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS
—IN—
Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Trunks, Valises,
UMBRELLAS, ETC.

HAVING just received an Extensive Stock of New and Fashionable Clothing of our own Manufacture, the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding Country are invited to call and examine

MANUFACTURING OUR OWN GOODS,

We pay no Intermediate Profits to Jobbers, consequently can sell at prices that defy Competition. Those in want of any Goods in our line, would find it to their interest to call and examine our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere. We have in our employ polite Gentlemen who will take pleasure in

EXHIBITING OUR STOCK

to those who may favor us with a call. In addition to our Large Stock of Clothing we have a fine

ASSORTMENT OF FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.

Country Merchants will find it specially to their advantage to patronize us, as we have unequalled facilities for supplying their wants.

I. L. FALK & CO.,
Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.
Branches Charleston, S. C., and Savannah, Ga.
sep29-d2m Manufactory 14 Murray Street, New York City.

100 BUSHELS Red Clover.
100 Bushels Kentucky Bluegrass.
100 Bushels Orchard Grass.
100 Bushels Herds or Red top Grass
50 Bushels Timothy.
WHITE CLOVER, LUCERNE,
Hungarian Grass, and
25 Barrels Onion Sets.

ALL AT WHOLESALE

OR RETAIL,

At Prices lower than the same can be bought elsewhere, at

Sam. A. Echols,

BROAD STREET.

oct15

NEW HARDWARE STORE,

LYNCH CORNER,

Whitehall and Alabama Streets.

We are receiving direct from the Manufacturers, a large and well assorted stock of

LOCKS, HINGES, SCREWS, BOLTS
CARPENTERS', BLACKSMITHS',
Shoemakers' and Tanners' Tools, Planters' Hardware, Shovels, Spades, Forks,
IRON, STEEL AND NAILS.
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
GUNS AND PISTOLS,
Saddlery Hardware, Carriage Material, Springs, Boxes, Axles, Spokes, Rims and Hubs,
POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY, HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.
In every variety, to which we call the ladies special attention.
COOKING AND HEATING STOVES,
For both wood and coal; Grates and Mantels, at Wholesale and Retail. Every Stove warranted.

We are Agents for RUBBER BELTING, which we will sell at manufacturers prices.

We propose to SELL LOW FOR CASH, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

sep25 d3m W. L. WADSWORTH & CO.

Wholesale Confectioner

G. W. JACK,

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

I HAVE NOW IN STORE

1500 Cases 1 and 2 pound cans Oysters,
550 ¼ ½ and whole box Raisins,
700 Cases pints, quarts, ½ and 1 gallon Pickels,
100 " Brandy Cherries,
1 0 " Red and Green Pepper Sauce,
200 cases Jelly, Assorted,
50 boxes Citron,
50 boxes Maccaroni,
20 cases Condensed Milk,
20 cases String Beans,
10 cases Mackerel,
150 cases Tomato Catsup,
500 Cases ¼ and ½ box Sardines,
325 barrels Nuts, Assorted,
100 cases Brandy Peaches,
150 " 2 pound Pine Apples,
50 Cases Worcestershire Sauce,
1000 Boxes 5 and 10 pound boxes Fancy Candies,
10 barrels Currants,
50 boxes Vermicilli,
25 boxes Dessicated Cocoanut,
25 cases Lima Beans,
50 cases 2 and 3 pound Peaches,
1,0 0 boxes Stick Candy, now on hand, and manufacturing 2,000 pounds per day.
Prime assorted Candies from

17 to 18 Cents Per Pound.

500 Boxes Fresh Crackers, Assorted—on Hand.

6 1-4 to 7 Cents Per Pound For Soda and Butter!

600 BOXES FIRE CRACKERS,

ALL OTHER FIRE WORKS IN LARGE QUANTITIES!

TOYS OF ALL KINDS IN THE GREATEST ABUNDANCE.

And More Baskets than any House in the State.

I also have a large stock of any and all kinds of Confectioneries, at wholesale, for Cash. All orders will receive immediate attention. All goods warranted fresh and in good order. Send for Catalogue of Prices. oct9 dtf

Georgia
Practical Business College
& Telegraph Institute
Macon Ga.

Encourage and Patronize Home Institutions!

PENMANSHIP, Commercial Arithmetic, Book-Keeping and Telegraphy taught as practiced in actual Business, by a Faculty unsurpassed in experience and ability. A special Professor for each Department. The College publishes its own Text Books. No class system. Each student taught individually. No vacations. Students enter at any time.

Our Terms of Tuition are as low, and Standard Graduation as high as at any Northern or Eastern College, and young men in taking a course here will save in traveling expenses alone, sufficient to purchase a life scholarship in the business department. For further particulars send for Illustrated College Catalogue, or address

SECRETARY GEORGIA PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE,
oct14-d&w1m Macon, Georgia.

HENRY SELTZER,

ON BROAD,

Between Marietta and Walton Streets,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

China, Queens, Glass and Plated-wa

CUTLERY,

Lamps and House Furnishing Goods,

KEROSENE OIL, WILLOW-WARE,

A DREAM OF A DEAD FACE.

[From Harper's Magazine.]

Dizzy with ocean's roar
I wandered by the shore
Where sullen, heaving waters rose and fell;
When on the wave's green edge,
Swift o'er the sandy ledge,
Up to my feet there rolled a delicate shell—
A pale pink shell, dashed with the ocean's dews,
And painted fair with morn's divinest hues.

So beautiful it lay
In the last light of day,
Close to its pinky cells I held my ear,
Its holy murmur stole
Into my troubled soul.
"Tell me," I cried, with rivalling hope and fear,
"O shell! that moanest by the lonely shore,
Where are the friends that come to us no more?"

The passionate question died
Along the ocean side,
Spurned by disdaining waves to quick disgrace;
When, lo: a stream of light
Dazzled my mortal sight;
The pale pink shell became a pale pink face;
And eyes I fondly knew, with light divine,
Smiled gentle memories as they looked in mine.

The murmur now which came
My restless soul to tame
Was music sweet of softly whispering lips;
"O, friend, complain no more!
Safe on a happy shore
Rest the dear freight of all thy sunken ships.
Whether these fretful waves recede or swell,
To us who live beyond them all is well!"

A glow of rosy flame
Over the ocean came,
Trembling a moment on its blue expanse;
And in the fleeting ray
Floated too soon away
That sudden vision from my pleading glance.
The soul I loved escaped my beckoning hand,
The shell to which I clung, dropped broken, on the sand.

City and Suburban.

LIVELY.—Peachtree street, with its unusual number of wagons and carts, Saturday, presented quite an animated appearance.

REGRETS—To see one of our good and efficient policeman, Tom Costello, pretty much under the weather from a lame foot.

IN THE CITY—Our handsome and genial friend, Captain S. Hughes, of New York. He reports business as being pretty good through the State.

SUPERIOR COURT—Is still engaged on the civil docket. Criminal docket will be reached Monday week. Judge Hopkins presides with dignity, and dispenses justice satisfactorily to the Bar and their clients.

BAD FOR JONES.—Rough Jones was knocked down Saturday night in the rear of Peck's plaining mill, and robbed of his pocket book. The man that steals this reporter's purse "steals trash"—but the appropriator of Rough's book found three fifteen cent bills and a nickel.

RUN AWAY.—Near the city, Saturday, on Peachtree street, a mule attached to a cart, ran away with Jim Akin, colored. The wheel striking a rock, threw Jim out, striking his head on the rock, the latter not much damaged, Jim's head stands slightly in need of Ladd's Forest Queen.

Alabama State Baptist Convention

OPELIKA, ALA., November 12, 1870.

Editor Constitution: The organization of the Alabama State Baptist Convention took place at 11 o'clock yesterday.

Rev. S. Henderson, D. D., was elected President, Rev. Charles Manly Secretary and S. H. Fowlkes Treasurer.

The evening was spent in verbal statements and speeches on the condition of the churches. Rev. Mr. Tichenor made a long and strong speech on the inefficiency of church organs, (too many stops?) Rev. Mr. Gwinn preached the introductory, last night, to a large congregation, and made a fine effort.

Among the notables present are Revs. Cooper, Cabaniss, Shaver, Van Hoose, Basil, Manly, Hixon, McIntosh, Battle, Lundy, T. C. Boykin, Tichenor, Gwinn, Barron, Miles, Haralson, Carroll, Henderson, Manly, Brewer, Roby, Wellburn, Holcomb and Freeman.

Your correspondent also had the pleasure of meeting with J. J. Toon, the genial proprietor of the Christian Index, who appeared to be in good tune and happy spirits.

BELL.

Matters in South Carolina.

RINGGOLD, GA., Nov. 12, 1870.

Mr. Editor: By private letter I have received the following account of a riot at Lawrenceville, S. C., the day after the election, which you can use as you please:

"The day after the election at Laurens Court House, there was a serious riot, nine killed, mostly negroes and Radicals. The stampede among the negroes was general and *all* of the Radical whites deserted them. *Three* of the candidates elected were killed, Powell, a carpet-bagger from the North, White, Riley and Perriro (colored). Lewis Dial (Crew's father-in-law) died from fright and Crews has not been heard from as yet; he took to the swamps and woods and has not been heard of since. Crews is a *vile* Radical—a mean, low coward, and has run a noted race for *all* kinds of Radical meanness and villainy since the close of the war. His father-in-law, Dial, was no better. Abe Simmons, your old colored friend, was killed four miles from town on the Sandy Ford road. Some were pursued fifteen miles from town and killed. There is now a perfect reign of terror in Laurens District among the colored Radicals. Men are going all over the county in squads disarming the negroes every where. Governor Scott, through such men as Joe Crews, furnished the negroes with arms all over the State, and sent several thousand stands to Laurens and gave them to the negroes, which was the cause of the riot. As soon as the negroes got up the row our men charged into Tin Pot alley where the arms and negroes were and captured everything they had, arms, ammunition, etc., and fired on the fleeing scoundrels, who ran like sheep. The election in Laurens was a perfect mock; eight hundred illegal votes for the Radicals were polled. Young negroes sixteen and eighteen years old, voted." LIGHT.

Another Great Lie.

The Radical papers are howling over the murder of "the Hon. Alfred Richardson," as they style a freedman of this county, who was elected at the bayonet election of 1868, as a member of the Georgia Legislature from this county.

We have taken pains to ascertain the facts, as far as practicable. It appears that one night last week, a crowd of men came into Watkinsville—nobody knowing whom they were, or from whence they came—and after whipping one or more negroes, were attacked by a number of negroes in Watkinsville. Both parties fired a number of shots, and in the *melee* Alfred Richardson was hit in the leg, as we learn, with shot. So far from being murdered, he is not even dangerously wounded. The negroes report that they hit one or more of the "Ku-Klux," as they call the unknown party—having heard one say he was shot and found blood on the ground.

In common with all good citizens, we regret the occurrence, but are satisfied, from all the various versions we have heard of it, that the citizens of Watkinsville had nothing to do with it.

Since the foregoing was written, we learn that the freedman, Alfred Richardson, acknowledges that he fired the first shot.

This case serves to show the avidity with which the Bullockites pervert the truth.—*Athens Watchman.*

REVELATIONS OF EXTRAVAGANCE.—THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, with its usual ability, proposes to open a Theater of horrid scenes. The curtain is raised and the first characters introduced upon the stage are the one hundred and four clerks of the last Legislature. They are represented as clothed in rich purple and fine linen and kid gloves and faring sumptuously every day—sitting in the scene in one corner of the stage dividing among themselves $82,807—the gain for 112 days services, and the fingers of many of them as innocent of ink, as an angel's of blood. The clerk hire of the last General Assembly cost the State $750 per day. Reader, your money and mine is being counted out to these [illegible] of a corrupt administration. To [illegible] hundred and nineteen legislators they allowed one hundred and four clerks. We have no objection to men of means having as many secretaries as they want—only let them be paid from private funds. The papers cry for retrenchment, the people yell retrenchment. Retrenchment is not the thing we need. The whole thing needs to be blotted out.—*Southern Witness.*

Atlanta and Savannah Railroad.

The following are the corporators of the Atlanta and Savannah Railroad Company, recently chartered by the Legislature:

H. D. Capers, Savannah.
Hiram Roberts, Savannah.
George W. Wylly, Savannah.
Jonathan Norcross, Atlanta.
J. D. Pope, Atlanta.
E. E. Rawson, Atlanta.
Wm. McNaught, Atlanta.
D. T. Singleton, Putnam county.
James A. Etheridge, Putnam county.
H. S. Reid, Putnam county.
J. N. Gilmore, Washington county.
J. T. Smith, Washington county.
R. C. Humber, Baldwin county.
John T. Henderson, [illegible] county.
[illegible] Glover, Jasper county.

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, Etc.
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
Lime, Guano, Virginia Land Plaster and Salt,
Forsyth Street, near the Capitol,
ATLANTA, - - - GA.

HAVING REMOVED ACROSS THE STREET TO OUR LARGE AND COMMODIOUS STORE, NEXT door to GLENN & WRIGHT'S, we are prepared to receive, store and sell any consignments sent us, and make

Liberal Cash Advances

On the same. With improved facilities and increased trade, can promise quick sales and PROMPT CASH RETURNS. Being sole Agents for the sale of Flour manufactured by the

Celebrated "Champion Mills,"

Of Rome, Georgia, and receiving large quantities daily, we are prepared to fill all orders sent us promptly, and give our personal guarantee that the quality of this FLOUR is, and will continue, fully equal, if not superior to any in our market. Have now in store and are receiving daily, large lots of

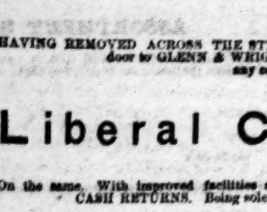
HAY, CORN, OATS, WHEAT, RYE, BACON, LARD, RYE AND CORN, WHISKY,
VIRGINIA APPLE BRANDY, PURE HOLLAND GIN,
TOBACCO, CANDLES, Etc., COTTON YARNS, DOMESTICS, GRAIN SACKS, Etc.

Our instructions are to exchange these articles for Cash; consequently we invite the attention of prompt paying customers, to whom we will guarantee LOW PRICES.
We have orders for 50,000 bushels of WHEAT, and invite consignments with which to fill the same. Oats, Rye and Barley also wanted.
july1—d6m STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
House Furnishing Goods,

COOKING and Heating Stoves, Marbleized Slate Mantels, Grates, etc. Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Copper, Lead and Zinc Pumps of all Patterns and Prices, and Hydraulic Rams. Rubber Hose, Lead Pipe and Wrought Iron Pipe for Gas, Steam and Water. Gas Fixtures and Fittings, etc.

We call special attention to our



COLUMBIA COOK STOVE!
THE BEST STOVE
In the Market for the Price.
Easily Managed, and for Neatness, Utility and Durability it cannot be excelled.

Plumbing, Gas Fitting and Tin Roofing
Done to Order at Short Notice by the best Mechanics.
Call and See Us, at No. 9,
oct15–d3m MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

CLEGHORN, HERRING & CO.,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,
CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA, AND PHILADELPHIA, PENN.,

SOLICIT Consignments of COTTON from Planters and Merchants, and propose to sell such as may be sent to their AUGUSTA HOUSE at

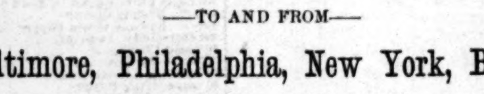
One Dollar per Bale Commission.

Are prepared to forward and make Advances on Consignments to their Charleston and Philadelphia Houses; also, to ROBERT LOCKHART & DEMPSTER, Liverpool, ENGLAND.
General Agents for the sale of
WHANN'S RAW-BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.
We offer this first-class Standard Fertilizer, delivered on the cars at Charleston, South Carolina, at $60 per Ton, Cash, or $70 per Ton for approved city acceptance, payable November 1st, 1871.
We guarantee the quality of WHANN'S to be equal to that sold by us and our agents for the past two seasons. CLEGHORN, HERRING & CO.

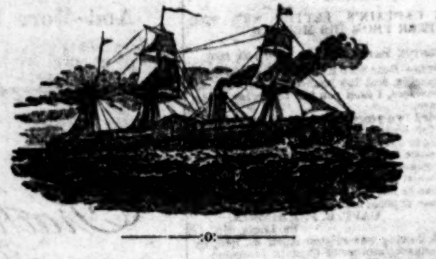
Whann's is for Sale By

W. L. High, Madison, Ga.; J. F. Shipp, Social Circle, Ga.; Rogers & Wood, Covington, Ga.; W. J. Russell, Athens, Ga.; M. E. Penticost, Rome, Ga.; G. W. Camp, Carrollton, Ga.; Pace & Williams, Hoganville, Ga.; Dr. J. W. Herring, Thomaston, Ga.; E. Winship, Macon, Ga.; D. A. Jewell, Calverton, Ga.; J. S. Bean, LaGrange, Ga.; A. Leyden, Atlanta, Ga., and Cleghorn, Herring & Co., Augusta, Georgia, and Charleston, South Carolina. sep20–d3m

THE CHARLESTON LINE
—FOR—
FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS!
—TO AND FROM—
Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston,
AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES.



Three Times a Week,
Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays!



Elegant State Room Accommodations.
SEA VOYAGE TEN TO TWELVE HOURS SHORTER
VIA CHARLESTON!
Total Capacity 40,000 Bales Monthly.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD COMPANY, and connecting Roads West, in alliance with the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships to the above Ports, invite attention to the Quick Time and Regular Dispatch afforded to the business public in the Cotton States at the

PORT OF CHARLESTON.

Offering facilities of Rail and Sea Transportations for Freight and Passengers not equaled in excellence and capacity at any other Port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the Line.

TO NEW YORK.
MANHATTAN, M. S. Woodhull, Commander.
CHAMPION, R. W. Lockwood, Commander.
CHARLESTON, James Berry, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, T. J. Lockwood, Commander.
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.
GEORGIA, S. Crowell, Commander.
SOUTH CAROLINA, Sam Adkins, Commander.
CLYDE, Alex. Hunter, Commander.
ASHLAND, [illegible], Commander.
WAGNER HUGER & CO., Agents,
WM. A. COURTENAY, Charleston, S. C.

TO PHILADELPHIA.
SALVOR, C. H. Ashcroft, Commander.
Sailing Days—Saturdays.
EVERMAN, C. Hinckley, Commander.
WM. A. COURTENAY, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TO BALTIMORE.
FALCON, [illegible], Commander.
[illegible]
MARYLAND, [illegible], Commander.
Sailing Days—[illegible]
P. C. TRENHOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

[illegible]

The South Carolina [illegible]

Macon Advertisements.

HARDEMAN & SPARKS.

WE DEEM IT WHOLLY UNnecessary to inform the Planters of Middle and Southwestern Georgia, that we are still engaged, at our old stand, in the

Warehouse & Commission

Business, where, for so many years, we have served you as

FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

We have left no stone unturned to aid you in carrying on your farming interest, and in turn, we now bespeak a continuation of the very liberal patronage extended us in the past. Your Cotton shall be weighed on the Levee, sold and accounted for on the square. By closely guarding your every interest, we intend to merit your patronage.
To our old friends, of many years standing, we return our grateful acknowledgements, and to new ones, who may try us, we promise our best efforts, backed by the experience of many years, to serve them faithfully and well.
Orders for supplies will meet with prompt attention.
aug14–d6m O. G. SPARKS, T. HARDEMAN, JR.

GEO. M. LOGAN,
GENERAL
Commission Merchant,
SECOND STREET,
Macon, - - - Ga.

REFERENCES—J. B. Ross & Son, Macon, Ga.; I. C. Plant, Esq., Banker, Macon, Ga.; Hardeman & Sparks, Macon, Ga.; C. A. Nutting, Esq., Banker, Macon, Ga.; W. B. Johnston, Esq., Macon, Ga.; S. F. Dickinson, Esq., Dalton, Ga.; Moore, Jenkins & Co. New York; Carhart & Brother, New York; E. Russell, Esq., New York; A. L. Maxwell, Esq., Macon, Ga.; J. DeLoache, Esq., Macon, Ga.; J. W. Lathrop, Esq., Savannah, Ga.; Daniel Perkins & Co., New York.
Cotton purchased and shipped on orders.
aug10–d6m

Savannah Advertisements.

G. B. GROOVER, Savannah. C. P. STUBBS, Savannah. A. T. MACINTYRE, Thomasville.

GROOVER, STUBBS & CO.,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
94 BAY STREET,
SAVANNAH.

☞ Bagging, Ties, Rope, and other supplies furnished. Also, liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments for sale or shipment to Liverpool or Northern ports. aug10–d6m

TO THE MERCHANTS OF ATLANTA.

The Atlantic and Gulf
FREIGHT & PASSENGER
LINE!

STARTING from Savannah, connects at Jessup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming an unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates. If Quick Time, Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements for loss or damage, occurring on the line, constitute a claim to your patronage, then instruct your correspondents to ship "Care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Agent, Savannah, Ga."
Call on Mr. H. P. CLARK, Agent of the Macon and Western Railroad, for the latest published Tariff of Rates and Classification of Freights, to Atlanta.
The General Agent cordially invites his Atlanta friends, who may visit New York, to call at the office of the Line—they will find a desk at their service and Atlanta papers on file.
C. D. OWENS, General Agent, 229 Broadway, cor Barclay st.
Post-office address, Box 5023, New York, February 1, 1870.
G. T. ANDERSON,
General Western Agent Atlantic and Gulf, and Macon and Brunswick Railroad,
feb11–dtf Atlanta, Georgia.

JOHN LEIPER. E. P. MENEFEE.
Established 1850.
Leiper & Menefee,
Near the Railroad Depot,
MURFREESBORO, TENNESSEE,
Produce Commission Merchants,
DEALERS IN
PRODUCE, BACON, LARD, WHEAT, CORN, ETC., ETC.
Agents for the purchase of COTTON.
WAREHOUSE
Immediately on Track Railroad.
NO CHARGE FOR DRAYAGE.
Can Store, (if need be, for Parties,)
100,000 Bushels of Grain.
And keep it in bins, thus saving Sacking, Ratage and Waste in Storage. oct8–d3m

SOUTHERN DOMESTIC
Gas Light Company,
ROME, GEORGIA.
(ORGANIZED MARCH 22, 1870.)
Capital Stock, - - - $100,000.
JUDGE W. W. CLAYTON, PRESIDENT.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Judge W. W. CLAYTON, President.
Major C. H. SMITH,
Colonel REUBEN MICKEL,
CHARLES M. HARPER,
Captain ARCHER GRIFFITH,
Colonel SAMUEL GIBBONS,
Dr. JOHN W. JAMES,
H. H. SMITH,
THOMAS J. PERRY, Secretary.

THIS Company has purchased the right to manufacture and sell "Doty's Gas Generator," in the States of Georgia, Alabama, Florida and South Carolina. The gas is generated by a simple chemical process, without fuel or heat. Machines are made suitable for dwellings, printing offices, hotels, churches, halls and factories, in cities or in the country.
The gas manufactured from the "Generator" for beauty, safety and economy is unexcelled—the cost being about one-fifth of the ordinary coal gas. The machine is in successful operation and may be examined by the public at the office of the Georgia State Agricultural Society in Atlanta, where the undersigned will be glad to receive orders or give any information that may be desired.
sep1–dtf JOHN L. D. HILLYER, General Agent.

Great Western Pipe Works,
Newport, Kentucky.

WE desire to call the attention of Gas and Water Companies to our largely increased capacity for the manufacture of Cast Iron Pipe of all sizes, from three to 48 inches in diameter, made with the ordinary hub and spigot, or with "Bobbins' Patent"—the latter can be laid with great rapidity, the joints being formed together with hydraulic pressure it can be laid in wet or dry trenches with equal facility.
As we are makers of our own pig iron it gives assurance of uniformity in quality, with promptness and certainty of delivery.
All communications should be addressed to T. G. GAYLORD & CO., 85 Broadway, Cincinnati.
oct8–d3m

Plantation for Sale.

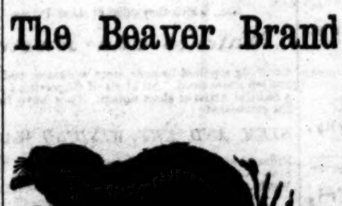
WE [illegible]

Dry Goods.

M. C. & J. F. KISER,
76 Whitehall Street,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
—DEALERS IN—
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
Dry Goods!
YANKEE NOTIONS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.
ALSO THE CELEBRATED

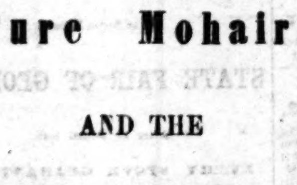
—OF—
BLACK ALPACAS!
THE BEST IN THE WORLD!

The Beaver Brand



TRADE MARK PAT'D.

Of Silk Finished,
Fast Black,
Pure Mohair,
AND THE
SABLE BRAND.



TRADE MARK PAT'D.

DIAMOND LUSTRE
TURKISH BLACK
BRILLIANTINES!

They are made of the finest hair of the Turkey Goat, and as they combine great weight with the highest degree of brilliancy, they have been pronounced

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL
Black Lustred Goods
EVER IMPORTED!

We also invite postal attention to our large and well assorted stock of
FLANNELS,
BLANKETS,
AND KENTUCKY JEANS,
SHAWLS,
Suited to the entire Trade at remarkably
LOW PRICES.

Railroads.

THE
GREAT SOUTHERN
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!

VIA
ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!
TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses
On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.
CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS,
BETWEEN
WEST POINT, GA.,
AND
Wilmington, North Carolina,
QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTION
VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from
New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,
TO
Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.
BY
Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta
AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.
PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS
ON
ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA
BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a
Splendid Line of Steamships,
From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.
The Charleston Steamships
Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are
Unrivaled on the Coast.
Through Tickets on Sale at
MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA.
TO
NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS.
J. A. Robert,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
april 1–dtf

1870!

Passengers Desiring to Visit
ANY OF THE
Northern, Southern, Eastern,
—OR—
Western Cities,
Should study well the Attractions offered by the
WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD,
The celebrated Passenger Route of the South.

The Only Route from Atlanta
RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train,
Preventing the Possibility of a Delay of Twenty-Four (24) hours, incident to lines running but one Daily Train.

The Passenger Equipment of this Road is Superior to that of any Road in the South.

In addition to the
LUXURIOUS COACHES
Of the Road, there are attached to all Night Trains, the FAR FAMED
PULLMAN SLEEPERS,
Which furnish accommodations equal to a first-class hotel.

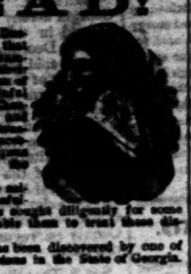
There are on sale at reduced rates, for the summer season, TICKETS to
Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs,
Montgomery White Sulphur Springs,
Alleghany Springs,
Cooper's Springs,
Black Springs,
Warm Springs,
Little Sweet Springs,
Bedford Alum Springs,
Montvale Springs,
Bonsack Springs,
Natural Bridge, of Virginia,
Lookout Mountain,
Mammoth Cave,
Niagara Falls,
Hot Springs, of Arkansas,
And all other resorts
IN THE UNITED STATES.

This is the only Road in the south offering for sale Through Tickets to
Yokohama, Japan,
Hiogo, Japan,
Hong Kong, China,
Shanghai, China,
Nagasaki, China.

Steamers Leave San Francisco
—FOR—
China and Japan,
ON THE FIRST DAY IN EACH MONTH.

Patent Medicines.

READ!



IT is well known to Doctors and to Ladies, that Women are subject to numerous diseases peculiar to themselves, such as Suppression of the Menses, Whites, Painful Monthly Periods, Ulceration of the Womb, Irregular Menstruation, Hemorrhage or Flooding, and Falling of the Womb.
These diseases have seldom been treated successfully. The profession has sought diligently for some remedy that would enable them to treat these diseases with success.
At last that remedy has been discovered by one of the most skillful physicians in the State of Georgia. That remedy is

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

It is purely vegetable, and is put up in Atlanta, Ga., by Bradfield & Co.
It will purify the blood and strengthen the system, relieve irritation of the kidneys, and is a perfect specific for all the above diseases, as a certain cure as quinine is in Chills and Fevers.
For a history of diseases and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper around each bottle.
Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 22, 1870.
BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Georgia:
DEAR SIRS: I take pleasure in stating that I have used, for the last twenty years, the medicine you are putting up, known as Dr. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription, both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope every lady in the land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength.
With my kindest regards, I am, respectfully,
W. B. FERRELL, M. D.

We, the undersigned, Druggists, take pleasure in commending to the trade Dr. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR—believing it to be a good and reliable remedy for the diseases for which he recommends it.
W. A. LANSDELL, Atlanta, Georgia.
PEMBERTON, WILLSON & TAYLOR & CO., Atlanta, Georgia.
REDWINE & FOX, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. C. LAWSHE, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. ROOT & SON, Marietta, Georgia.

Dr. Prophitt's
Celebrated Liver Medicine.

It is purely vegetable, and will act upon the Liver and Kidneys as promptly as Calomel and Buchu, without any danger of salivation or destruction of the bones.
Parties taking this medicine need not fear getting wet, or any other reasonable exposure.

Symptoms of Liver Disease:

Headache, Dull Feeling or the Blues, Sour Stomach, Sick or Nervous Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Bad or Bitter Taste in the Mouth, the skin has a thick, rough feeling, and is darker than usual, Costiveness, Melancholy Feelings, Cramps, Cold Feet, Colic, Dysentery or Diarrhea, Chills and Fever, and Piles. In fact, where the Liver is out of order, you are liable to every disease that is not contagious.
Prophitt's Liver Medicine, if taken properly, will prevent and cure any disease resulting from a deranged Liver.
It will regulate its functions and thus cure all diseases caused by the failure of its healthy action.
It has been used for a great number of years, and has given universal satisfaction.
There is no brother or son claiming to have the original receipt. It is put up in both Powder and Fluid form.

FAIRBURN, GA., September 4, 1869.
DR. O. S. PROPHITT:
SIR: My wife has been an invalid for fifteen years. Doctors all agree she had "Liver Disease." In connection with their practice she used various noted remedies, none of which seemed to do any good. Sometime ago I procured a bottle of "Liver Medicine," of your agent here, G. A. Harvey, which being given according to directions, has effected a complete cure.
GEO. L. THOMPSON.

ATLANTA, GA., July 16, 1870.
MESSRS. BRADFIELD & CO.:
GENTLEMEN—Last year, during my travels in Alabama and Southwest Georgia, I contracted chills and fever, and my general health became very bad. I tried various remedies, and among others Shallenberger's Pills—all to no purpose. I was troubled with intense pain in the small of my back, and for months I did not have a moment's rest. I had well nigh despaired of recovering when a friend recommended me to take Dr. Prophitt's Liver Medicine. I did so, and one bottle has cured me; and to-day I feel like another man. I consider it one of the best medicines for general use now put up, and, without any reservation, recommend it to the afflicted.
I am, gentlemen, very respectfully, yours, etc.,
O. M. HARRALSON.

DR. PROPPHITT'S
Dysentery Cordial

Is one of the most valuable compounds now put up for Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, or Cholera Morbus.
This medicine has been in use for years, and gives univeral satisfaction.
The most delicate child may take it with impunity.

COVINGTON, GA., November 9, 1867.
DR. PROPHITT:
Having a severe attack of Dysentery during the past summer, I was induced to use your Disentery Cordial, and derived therefrom immediate and permanent relief. It gives me pleasure to recommend this remedy to all who may be so attacked, believing that, should the directions be followed, relief would surely be obtained.
Yours, etc.
O. S. PORTER.

SUSSENTA, TEXAS, 1869.
DR. PROPHITT:
DEAR SIR—Your Liver Medicine and Pain Kill It is a complete success.
J. L. WHITTLE.

PROPHITT'S
Pain Kill It!

This is the celebrated medicine that run Perry Davis' Pain Killer out of the market, wherever it was sold. Davis made Prophitt change the name from Pain Killer to Pain Kill It.
For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, or pain of any kind, it has no equal.
For Cuts, Bruises, Burns, or old Sores, it is the best thing you can use for a dressing.
For Snake Bites or Stings of Poisonous Insects, it is a perfect antidote.
It is good for Colic, Colds, Coughs or Bowell Complaint. The name indicates its nature fully. It is truly DEATH to pain.
Manufactured and sold by BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Georgia, and by all Druggists.

NEWTON FACTORY, GA., November, 1867.
DR. PROPHITT:
Last summer my horse sprained his ankle severely, causing the whole leg to swell to about twice the natural size, and rendering him almost helpless; two applications of your Anodyne Pain Kill It thoroughly cured it.
JOHN B. DAVIS.

DR. PROPHITT'S
Fever and Ague Pills,

The best Antidote for Chills and Fever known. Cures warranted in every case or money refunded. Purely vegetable.

DR. PROPHITT'S
Anti-Bilious Pills

Will relieve Headache, Nervousness, Jaundice, and all other derangements of the Liver. Purely vegetable.
Manufactured and for sale by BRADFIELD & CO., Broad Street, Atlanta, Georgia, and for sale by all Druggists of Atlanta, Georgia, at manufacturer's prices.

CERTIFICATES.
We, the undersigned, have used Dr. Prophitt's Preparations, and take pleasure in recommending them to the public, as being all he claims for them:
Colonel R. J. Henderson, Covington, Ga.; O. T. [illegible], Covington, Ga.; O. S. Porter, Covington, Ga.; [illegible] Covington, Ga.; [illegible] W. Arnold, Georgia Conference; Rev. W. W. Oslin, Georgia Conference; [illegible], Monticello, Ga.; Robert [illegible], Jasper county, Ga.; A. H. Robinson, Monticello, Ga.; James Wright, Putnam county, Ga.; A. [illegible], Putnam county, Ga.; Judge J. J. Floyd, Covington, Ga.; [illegible]

Patent Medicines.

LIPPMAN'S
GREAT
German Bitters.

The Purest Medicated Cordial
—OF—
The Age!

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strengthens the debilitated.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strengthens the consumptive.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Kidney Complaints.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Female Complaints.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, an old German Tonic.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the most delightful and effective in the world.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures "never well" people.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives an appetite.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Liver Complaint.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives tone to digestive organs.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strikes at the root of disease.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives energy.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Nervousness.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters purifies the Spring Blood.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the best Medicine.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters regulates the Bowels.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters excites the Torpid Liver.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, best Physicians recommend.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters will give Youthful Vigor.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Debility.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, $1,000 for a better remedy.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the favorite of Germany.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters prevents Chills and Fever.
☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters has met with success everywhere.

CHARLOTTSVILLE, VA., May, 1870.
MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO.:
GENTLEMEN—I certify that I have examined and used in my practice "Lippman's Great German Bitters." I regard them as an admirable tonic and appetiser.
J. W. POINDEXTER, M. D.

B. F. WYLY, PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., and A. J. WEST & CO.,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA,
Wholesale Agents
—FOR—
LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS.

LIPPMAN'S PYRAFUGE,
—THE—
Great Chill and Fever Expeller.
ONE DOSE STOPS THE CHILLS.

NEAR GRAHAMVILLE, S. C., November 10, 1869.
MR. LIPPMAN:
DEAR SIR—Please send me half dozen bottles of your invaluable and infallible Pyrafuge. The bearer himself was cured of a two years old chill and fever and his whole family. It never fails.
Yours respectfully, WM. F. ROBERT.

READ THE FOLLOWING:
MAYOR'S OFFICE, Griffin, Georgia, February 8, 1868.
This is to certify that I have used Prof. H. H. Kayton's "Oil of Life," in my family, in case of aggravated Neuralgia in the Face, and after three applications it gave permanent relief.
may15–d&wly WM. M. CLINE, Mayor.

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

Dr. Abbett's Anti-Dyspeptic
—OR—
LIVER MEDICINE.

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as
Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,
Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,
Sourness of the Stomach,
Loss of Appetite,
Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,
Costiveness, Fever, Ague.
Billous Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., December 3, 1869.
MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga.—Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combination or preparation equal to the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.
I am, very respectfully,
T. S. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., October 15, 1869.
MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER—Gentlemen: I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain
Yours truly, A. K. KENDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., Wholesale Druggists, General Agents, Atlanta, Georgia.
For sale by Druggists everywhere.
nov24–dly CRAWFORD & WALKER, Proprietors, West Point, Ga.

ROSADALIS.

The Great American Health Restorer, purifies the blood and cures Scrofula, Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases of Women, and all Chronic Affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.
Read the testimony of Physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis; send for our Rosadalis Guide to Health Book, or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution; it will give you much valuable information.

Dr. R. W. Carr, of Baltimore, says:
I take pleasure in recommending your Rosadalis as a powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one in a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient pronounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine. The other is a case of Scrofula of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made, and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.

Dr. Sparks, of Nicholasville, Ky., says he has used Rosadalis in cases of Scrofula and Secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results—as a cleaner of the Blood I know no better remedy.

Samuel G. McFadden, Murfreesboro, Tenn., says:
I have used seven bottles of Rosadalis, and am entirely cured of Rheumatism; send me four bottles, as I wish it for my brother, who has scrofulous sore eyes.
Benjamin Bechtol, of Lima, Ohio, writes I have suffered for twenty years with an inveterate eruption over my whole body; a short time since I purchased a bottle of Rosadalis and it effected a perfect cure.
[illegible]

[illegible]
General Real Estate Agents,
[illegible]

Patent Medicines.

CANCER! CANCER!!

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK,
OF MADISON, GEORGIA,
Makes a speciality of treating all persons afflicted with
CANCERS, SCROFULA,
Indolent, Ulcers, etc., etc.

HE has successfully treated CANCERS for the last TWENTY YEARS, without the use of the knife or any mercurial agent. He begs to refer those afflicted to the following certificates of persons who have been cured by his treatment. They speak for themselves. The question will be asked who is Dr. Hitchcock? To all such I will answer that I was born and raised in Georgia. For all of which I feel very proud. I am permanently located in Madison, Ga.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK: It gives me pleasure to give my testimony in regard to the wonderful effects produced by your Vegetable Cancer Plaster. About [illegible] years ago I became afflicted with Cancer [illegible] my right breast. From that time to August [illegible] I had as many as ten or twelve Physicians to examine and prescribe for it, but all proved of no avail. I called on you about the first of August, 1869, and put myself under your treatment. I am happy to say that your Plaster removed the Cancer, and I am now entirely well. I cheerfully give this certificate, not for the purpose of applauding you, though I feel under lasting obligations to you for the cure, I do it for the benefit of all such as may be afflicted with this terrible malady.
FRANCIS A. CALLOWAY.
Rutledge, Ga., June 1, 1870.
Tested by Dr. J. F. JACKSON, Dr. J. J. MONTGOMERY.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK: I do hereby certify that I have had a Cancer on the angle of my jaw for [illegible] years, and have applied to a number of physicians for treatment, but without success. The application of your celebrated Plaster removed the Cancer in [illegible] days from the time of application. It has now been nearly two years since I was cured. I cheerfully give this for the benefit of the afflicted.
Madison, Ga., June 1, 1870. T. P. PEACOCK.

I do certify that I have been troubled with a Cancer on my cheek, near my under eye-lid for two years past. I applied to Dr. W. L. HITCHCOCK, who applied his celebrated Cancer Plaster, and was agreeably surprised to see the Cancer come out on the eighth day from application; I am now well, and my face entirely healed up. I advise all persons afflicted with Cancer to give him a trial.
Madison, August 3, 1869. ROBERT SHIELDS.

I have been suffering with a Cancer of the [illegible] kind, on the back of my neck, called rose cancer, for the past three years. I applied to Dr. W. L. HITCHCOCK, of Madison, who put a plaster on the Cancer, and, in eight days, it come out entirely. I am now well, and have been since the Cancer came out, which was last fall.
Rutledge, Ga., September, 1869. M. W. COFER.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: I am pleased to state that your Plaster has entirely cured the Cancer on my nose, which has given me so much trouble. I shall ever feel grateful to you for the [illegible] of your remedy.
Madison, Ga., May, 1870. MRS. LORINA STRATTON.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK: I am pleased to certify that I have had a large Cancer on my right arm for [illegible] years, and have seen and advised with a number of Physicians, who advised me to let it alone, as they considered the Cancer too far advanced to be cured by remedies. I heard of you and made application for treatment, as a last resort, and to my great satisfaction your Plaster has taken out the Cancer in [illegible] days, by the roots, and the sore is now healing finely, and I entertain strong hopes of a speedy cure.
Edgefield Court House, S. C. J. T. [illegible]

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: I do hereby certify that I have been afflicted sorely with Cancer for fifteen years, and have tried many Physicians and spent a great deal of money—all to no purpose, until I called on you, in Madison, last winter. The application of your Plaster has acted like a charm. I have the Cancer now in my possession, and the place is all healed up, except one small place, which is now healed. I beg to refer all persons afflicted to call on Dr. Hitchcock, at Madison, Ga.
Edgefield Court House, or Hamburg, South Carolina, May, 1870. T. B. REES.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: I am happy to certify that your remedies have cured the Cancer on my face and nose, that had given me so much pain for twelve years. It appears as sound as if I never had a Cancer.
MRS. E. B. STANTON.
Newton County, Ga., April 20, 1870—Post-office Social Circle, Ga.

It affords me pleasure to state that I have witnessed a number of remarkable cures of Cancer, by the application of Dr. W. L. Hitchcock's Cancer Plaster.
September, 1870. J. F. PATTERSON, Madison, Ga.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK'S
Liver Medicine.

I would also state that, in addition to my practice on Cancers, I am in regular practice of medicine, and make a speciality of treating chronic diseases, especially those peculiar to females, in which, from long experience and extensive practice, I guarantee satisfaction. I also keep a full assortment of Family Medicines on hand of my own [illegible], but I call your special attention to my COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF STILLINGIA AND INDIAN HEMP, OR ALTERATIVE AND LIVER TONIC. It invariably relieves the following disorders: Chronic Torpidity of the Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder. It cures Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Eruptions and Blotches of the skin, cures mercurial and old venerial diseases. You ask, how can this one medicine cure all of these cases. The answer is this: it is so compounded as to answer all of the requirements of the [illegible], being compounded of the best, purest, and most reliable Liver medicine, tonics, alteratives, and disinfectants that belong to the vegetable kingdom. This medicine is the result of twenty years' experience. I used it in my private practice for [illegible] years, and within the last six months I have sold $1,000 worth of it, and I have to hear of the first complaint. I claim and assert it without the fear of contradiction from any that have tried it, to be superior to any of the preparations of the day, for all those cases that I recommend it for.
I have never advertised this medicine before, having always been opposed to advertising [illegible] quack medicines, but, having been [illegible] for years, by my friends, I have concluded to [illegible] the good of all that may avail themselves of [illegible] it. I could give thousands of [illegible] happy effects of this medicine, but being [illegible] it will recommend and sustain itself. [illegible] to give it a fair and impartial trial. [illegible] direction on the bottle, and if you do [illegible] or more than I claim for it, then I will [illegible] the sale.
I put up my medicine in ONE and TWO DOLLAR bottles, to suit persons and patients.
One word more to those that are suffering with Cancers. Don't let the Doctor dishearten you, as the most of them will, because they don't cure it themselves, will tell you that you can't be cured. I have been curing Cancers for [illegible] years and have never failed but in one case, and [illegible] beyond medical aid. If you have a CANCER [illegible] see me, and I will tell you in a half hour if I can cure you; will charge nothing for examination, and I assure you, will be reasonable in my charges.

CERTIFICATES.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: This is to certify that my wife and daughter, Mrs. W. [illegible], of Union Point, Ga., and daughter, our cook woman, have all used your Alterative Liver Medicine, and do not hesitate to say it has had a fine effect; has entirely cured my wife of their liver affection. Dr. Cheney, of Union Point, said my little grandchild, was [illegible] affection of the liver, and also was badly afflicted with Asthma. I learn he has been entirely cured. My cook woman is about the turn of life, and has been suffering with diseased liver, and [illegible] the whole system, together with [illegible] matism. She says she is entirely cured by taking your Medicine. I cheerfully recommend your Medicine, believing it to be a good medicine.
Yours truly,
REV. W. A. FLORENCE,
Pastor of the M. E. Church, South, [illegible]

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: I have used your Alterative and Liver Medicine, and have received great benefit from it. Other members of my family have used it with like benefit, and I can confidently recommend it as a good remedy for the diseases it purports to relieve.
Yours, C. M. [illegible], Pastor Baptist Church,
Madison, Ga., September 6, 1870.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: I have had the misfortune to be afflicted with a liver [illegible] affection for the last twenty years, [illegible] been able to eat, or digest my food [illegible] have often tried various remedies, but [illegible] relief until I took a course of your Alterative [illegible]. I am now well and hearty. I cheerfully [illegible] persons who may be afflicted with [illegible] these Medicines a trial, and I am sure they will be relieved.
PHILIP [illegible]
Madison, Ga., December, 1869.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: I have been suffering under a dyspeptic and liver [illegible] number of years past, so much so that I was [illegible] in flesh to a mere skeleton, and [illegible] having a large one on my jaw, which [illegible] treatment, or rather cure, for twelve [illegible] I commenced taking your Alterative and Liver Medicine, which has effected a permanent cure. [illegible] Plaster took out the cancer, and I am [illegible] hearty, and have been for two years. [illegible] all persons afflicted with the [illegible] your remedies.
Madison, Ga. T. P. [illegible]

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: This [illegible]
[illegible]
September 3, 1869. W. L. [illegible]

DR. W. L. [illegible]
[illegible]